The Daily Sentinel.

VOL. III. RALEIGH, N. C., SATURDAY, JULY 18, 1868. NO. 293

The Daily Sentinel.

WM. E. PELL, Proprietor.

FORCED CONTRIBUTIONS.

"TESTIMONIAL TO GEN. HOWARD.—At Washington an Association has been formed for the purpose of raising $30,000 among the colored people to purchase a homestead for General Howard. It is proposed to collect but one cent from each colored man, woman and child, who feels disposed to give that much. It is believed that out of 4,500,000 people of color in the United States, at least 3,000,000 will contribute, which will make up the sum proposed. This money is to be collected through Sunday schools, day schools, and churches of the whole country."—*Boston Journal.*

This announcement may well be regarded in the light of a "general order" to the negroes to come forward and subscribe for "a homestead" to the chief of the Freedmen's Bureau. It is the first time that the spectacle has been presented of a high military officer carrying round his hat to collect pennies *for his own benefit*, and we hope, for the sake of the service, it may be the last. The organization of such a movement in Washington, where the headquarters of this Bureau is established, and the proposed beneficiary resides, is to stamp it with the brand of that corrupt concern which has done so much mischief by encouraging idleness and vice, and which has been used only to promote partizan objects and to serve personal interests.

General Howard has already received a valuable "homestead" from the land sold for a negro institution in the suburbs of this city, and has had erected upon it a palatial residence which towers above the neighborhood. He is the recipient of large pay and emoluments, and has the management of the funds and contracts belonging to the Freedman's Bureau and its extensive ramifications. To tax the poor negroes for another "homestead," and to call it a voluntary contribution, would be a gross imposition, which ought not to be permitted. This proposition, however, may be only an ingenious device to cover up some matters which might not be easily explained. It is well known that many of the agents and employees of the Freedmen's Bureau have risen suddenly into large wealth, who went into that employment in the most needy condition. The negroes in this vicinity, both men and women, complain loudly and openly that they have been swindled, that the wages contracted to be paid them have been appropriated by their white "friends of humanity," and that the supplies voted for their use and support have been stolen and sold by male and female officials—These charges can be substantiated, and have repeatedly been laid before Gen. Howard. And what is true here, right under the eye of Congress, is doubtless even worse in the remoter parts of the country, where there is less restraint. The whole thing is rotten to the core, and a monstrous burden to overladen taxpayers, for the profit of a lazy and venal crew of Yankee adventurers of the worst kind.—*Nat. Intel.*

EXCITING RIOT IN CHARLESTOWN, JEFFERSON COUNTY, (VA.)—FIGHT BETWEEN NEGROES AND WHITE MEN.

From the Spirit of Jefferson, July 14

On Saturday between 2 and 3 o'clock some young men were sitting on the boxes in front of the store of Mr. Jacob B. Brown, when two negroes came out of the store. A trivial circumstance led to words between the parties, and from words to blows. One of the negroes was knocked down by the fist, and another with a stone. The negroes then ran up street, as far as the store of Trussell & Co., followed by the white men. Here the negroes halted, and called for their color to rally; which they did with promptness and spirit, rushing down from the different corners with a tiger-like ferocity, until about thirty had reached the spot.—A young white man named Codrick, who was in the commencement of the difficulty, finding himself about to be overpowered, retreated into the store, and the negroes attempted to follow him, but were met on the pavement and entreated to desist, and efforts made to quiet them by expostulation; but they were deaf to any words of advice, and swore they would have Codrick, who, in the mean time, had slipped through the store and passed out the back way, for the purpose of arming himself. For several minutes the negroes, who seemed to be greatly enraged, stood in the street cursing white men generally, throwing off their coats and daring a conflict. At this time the number of whites immediately present was not more than five or six, whilst the negroes, at a moderate estimate, must have numbered thirty; each one vehemently swearing and gesticulating in the most arrogant and defiant manner.

Dr. James N. Gallaher and others tried to reason with them, but to no purpose, until finally a negro man named John Jackson struck Mr. Gallaher with a rake, felling him to the ground. Then commenced an indiscriminate fight, maintained at first by the white men at great odds—at least five to one, until the citizens of the town gathered at the scene. A complete rock battle raged for the time, and furiously the races assailed each other. We are sure we never saw a fight in which so many men were knocked down in so short a space of time, and we sicken as we contemplate the scene of crushed heads and bleeding faces.

With a sort of reckless desperation the negroes contested the ground, throwing their missiles with remarkable precision of aim, until they saw that they were about to be overcome, when they battled in different directions; and at the expiration of ten minutes hardly one was to be found upon the streets. By a mercy which appears inscrutable, no one was killed, although several severe wounds were received. Among the whites who were more or less injured were the following: James N. Gallaher, George Robinson, William Moore, John Sheets, J. H. Morris, and perhaps others.—All of the above, we are glad to say, are doing well, though suffering from their wounds. Among the negroes who received injuries were Wesley Lowrey, John Jackson, Sam Ransom, and Carter Fisher. How seriously these latter have been punished we have no means of knowing, as only Lowrey has been seen since the difficulty.

Some half dozen of the negroes have since been arrested, and bailed for their appearance at the October term of the Circuit Court.

"Do you chew tobacco?" asked a lady of a young man in a street car, by whose side she displayed her immaculate skirts. "No, ma'm," was the reply, "but I can get you a chaw, if you like."

OUT OF THINE OWN MOUTH, &c.

The Republican party was born in 1856, met in grand convention twelve years since, and made the following platform, which we commend to the attention of the honest men of the party:

Resolved, That while the Constitution of the United States was ordained and established by the people in order to form a more perfect union, establish justice, insure domestic tranquility, provide for the common defence, secure the blessings of liberty, and contains ample provisions for the protection of the life, liberty, and property of every citizen, the dearest constitutional rights of the people of Kansas have been fraudulently and violently taken from them; their territory has been invaded by an armed force; spurious legislative, judicial and executive officers have been set over them, by whose authority, sustained by the military power of the Government, tyrannical and unconstitutional laws have been enacted and enforced; the rights of the people to keep and bear arms have been infringed; test oaths of an extraordinary and entangling nature have been imposed, as a condition of exercising the right of suffrage and holding office; the right of an accused person to a speedy and public trial by an impartial jury has been denied; the right of the people to be secure in their persons, houses, papers, and effects against unreasonable searches and seizures has been violated; they have been deprived of life, liberty and property, without due process of law; that the freedom of speech and of the press has been abridged; the right to choose their representatives has been made of no effect; murders, robberies, and arsons have been instigated and encouraged, and the offenders have been allowed to go unpunished—that all these things have been done with the knowlege, sanction, and procurement of the present administration; and that, for this high crime against the Constitution, the Union, and humanity, we arraign the President, his advisers, agents, supporters, apologists, and accessories, either before or after the facts, before the country, and before the world, and that it is our fixed purpose to bring the actual perpetrators of these outrages, and their accomplices, to a sure and condign punishment hereafter.

Here (says the New Haven *Register*) is an exact picture of the South under the Radical rule of military government and Freedmen's Bureau. Every word said in regard to the Kansas of 1856 applies to Virginia and all the States South in 1868. There the military power is superior to the civil power. The Freedmen's Bureaus and military satraps take the place of State and municipal government. There the negro is placed above the white man. There 250,000 white citizens are disfranchised, and 715,000 negroes given the ballot. There, in the precise terms of the above resolution, the Constitution is daily violated, and has been for the last thousand days, which is not the time since the surrender of Lee by more than two hundred days. In the better days of the Republic one hour's deliberate violation of the great principles of constitutional liberty would have aroused the people like the blast of a trumpet.

MISCELLANEOUS.

C. W. D. HUTCHINGS & BRO

MANUFACTURERS.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN LADIES', GENTS', BOYS' AND WAGON SADDLES,

Coach, Buggy, Cart and Wagon Harness,

BRIDLES AND MARTINGALES

and all other goods usually kept in a regular Saddlery establishment.

They will sell, a short time, for cash, at a small advance on cost, in order to reduce their heavy stock now on hand.

Citizens and strangers, visiting the City, who wish to purchase goods, will do well to look at our stock, 4th. door North of Post Office and opposite Market Square, Fayetteville street, Raleigh, N. C.

Feb 7-154-tf

SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION!

On the 17th day of August 1868, in pursuance of a decree in Equity, made at June Term, 1867, and amended at June Term, 1868, of the Supreme Court of N. C., in the case wherein the Heron Mining Company is complainant and Joseph Weiseman is respondent, I shall proceed to sell at the door of the Court House of the County of Wake, in the city of Raleigh, to the highest bidder, the following described property, being all the land and mining interests, mentioned and described in the pleadings, to wit: About

SIXTEEN TRACTS OF LAND,

containing in all some

4,000 ACRES OR MORE.

Also the mining privilege upon two other tracts of some

1,000 ACRES OR MORE.

This land is situate in the County of Wake, and near the city of Raleigh. There is a continuous and many parallel veins of Graphite, Plumbago or Black Lead, much of it of the highest quality, extending throughout the entire chain of tracts, some twelve miles in length.

Terms, 3 per cent cash and the residue of the purchase money upon a credit of one, two and three years.

W. S. MASON, Commissioner.

Jun 30-tf

CORN! CORN! CORN!

1,000 BUSHELS CORN.—PRIME WHITE! The cheapest in town. For sale by

July 11-tf DOUGLAS BELL,

For Sale.

A LARGE CONSIGNMENT OF

TIN WARE,

Consisting of Coffee Pots, Covered Buckets, Wash Basins, Pans Cups, Pie Plates, Pepper Boxes and Strainers, to be sold low.

W. H. JONES & CO., July 13-tf Auct'rs & Com. Merchants.

For Sale.

5,000 CHEAP CIGARS, to close consignment.

W. H. JONES & CO., July 13-tf Auct'rs & Com. Merchants.

GLASS PRESERVE JARS,

STONE JARS,

JUGS AND CHURNS,

OLD DOMINION NAILS,

MOULDING, BEAD,

JACK AND FORE PLANES.

Just received at

THOS. H. BRIGGS'.

July 10-tf

WHOLESALE & RETAIL GROCERS.

Corn, Corn, Corn.

4,000 BUSHELS OF CORN arriving and to arrive at UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

June 20-tf

Coffee, Coffee.

20 BAGS MORE RIO COFFEE at UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

June 20-tf

Snuff, Snuff.

5 BBLS. MORE EGERTON SNUFF, Just to hand at UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

June 5

Candles, Candles.

20 BOXES MORE ADAMANTINE CANDLES Just arrived at UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

June 5-tf

Sugar, Sugar.

20 BBLS EXTRA C SUGAR. Just received at UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

June 22-tf

Candles, Candles.

70 BOXES ADAMANTINE CANDLES. For sale at UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

June 22-tf

Lard, Lard.

3,000 LBS. FAMILY LARD IN Tierces and Kegs. For sale by UPCHURCH & DODD.

June 22-tf

Soap, Soap.

2,500 LBS. ROSIN SOAP. Just received by UPCHURCH & DODD.

June 22-tf

Salt, Salt.

100 SACKS MORE FINE SALT For sale at UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

June 22-tf

Leather, Leather.

A LARGE SUPPLY OF HEMLOCK LEATHER. For sale by UPCHURCH & DODD.

June 22-tf

Essence of Coffee.

ANOTHER SUPPLY ESS. OF COFFEE. Just received at UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

June 22-tf

Meal, Meal, Meal.

FINE WHITE BOLTED MEAL, the best in town, for sale by

July 17-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

Corn, Corn, Corn.

500 BUSHELS For sale at low price.

July 17-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

Bacon, Bacon, Bacon.

10,000 LBS. RIB SIDES. Just received by

July 17-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

Family Roe Herring.

20 HALF BARRELS In Store and for sale by

July 17-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

Flour, Flour, Flour.

20 BBLS. N. C. FLOUR, in store and for sale, at low price, to close consignment.

June 26-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

Corn! Prime White Corn!!

ONE DOLLAR AND A HALF per bushel. Just received by

June 26-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

Bacon, Bacon, Bacon.

5,000 LBS. RIB SIDES, which will be sold for cash, very low, by

June 26-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

HERRINGS, HERRINGS.

25 half bbls. N. C. Roe Herrings.
30 " " Cut do
20 " Labrador do
For sale low by
June 22-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

PRIME CAROLINA RICE. Just received by

June 22-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

Corn, Corn.

ONE THOUSAND BUSHELS PRIME WHITE CORN, now arriving at

June 22-tf DOUGLAS BELL'S.

SOLE LEATHER,

TRUNKS, VALISES,

LEATHER AND MOROCCO TRAVELING BAGS,

For Ladies and Gentlemen, at

April 23-tf R. B. ANDREWS & CO.

25 FACTORY CHEESE.

April 30-tf W. ROB'T ANDREWS.

IRISH POTATOES FOR PLANTING.

10 bbls. White Mercer Potatoes.
10 bbls. Peach blow do
15 bbls. N. C. do
Mar 5—tf At ANDREWS'.

FAMILY FLOUR.

25 bbls. Family Patapsco
25 " Superfine
15 " Family N. C.
Mar 5—tf At ANDREWS'.

10 CASES ENGLISH ALE AND PORTER in bottles

April 30-tf W. ROB'T ANDREWS.

25 BOXES FRESH CANDIES—Assorted.

April 30-tf W. ROB'T ANDREWS.

50 DOZ CANS FRESH PEACHES.

April 30-tf W. ROB'T ANDREWS.

25 BBLS. PATAPSCO FAMILY FLOUR.

April 30-tf W. ROB'T ANDREWS.

1,000 BUSHELS OF CORN Just received. W. ROB'T ANDREWS.

April 30-tf Fayetteville St.

5,000 LBS. BALTIMORE BACON, Sides and Shoulders, low.

April 30-tf W. ROB'T ANDREWS.

RECEIVED THIS DAY 500 lbs Family Lard in Kegs.

Feb 5-155-tf TONNOFF'SKI'S

CATSUPS AND SAUCES.

At TONNOFF'SKI'S.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S genuine imported Chow-Chow and Pickles at

Mar 18—tf TONNOFF'SKI'S.

FINE WINES, ALES, LIQUORS, CIGARS, &c.

At TONNOFF'SKI'S.

March 2—tf

10 CASES CANNED GOODS,

At TONNOFF'SKI'S.

Mar 18—tf

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

GEO. L. TONNOFF'SKI,

Grocer & Commission Merchant,

No. 31, FAYETTEVILLE ST.,

(NEAR TUCKER HALL.)

KEEPS constantly on hand a well selected Stock of choice

Groceries, Confections, Fine Wines, Ales, Liquors, Cigars, &c.

Consignments solicited. Prompt returns made. Liberal advances given. Commissions light.

Jan 29-148-tf

J. B. HUNTER & CO.,

COTTON FACTORS,

AND

Produce Commission Merchants,

CORNER HIGH & WATER STREETS,

PORTSMOUTH, Va.,

Will sell in the markets of NORFOLK and PORTSMOUTH, LIVERPOOL, or LONDON, Cotton, Tobacco, Naval Stores, Dried Fruit and all marketable Produce.

Liberal advancements made on actual shipments, and personal attention paid to purchase of merchandise.

June 17-3m*

MISCELLANEOUS.

The Best Blood Purifier in the WORLD.

DR. LAWRENCE'S CELEBRATED

ROSADALIS,

FOR THE CURE OF

SCROFULA, IN ALL ITS FORMS,

SUCH AS

CONSUMPTION IN ITS EARLY STAGES, ENLARGEMENT AND ULCERATION OF THE GLANDS, JOINTS, BONES, LIVER, KIDNEYS, &c.; RHEUMATISM, WHITE SWELLING, MERCURIAL AFFECTIONS, SORE EYES, OLD SORES, DISEASES PECULIAR TO FEMALES, ERUPTIONS OF THE SKIN, GENERAL BAD HEALTH,

AND ALL OTHER DISEASES CAUSED By an Impure State of the Blood.

The following, *among many hundreds* of our best citizens, testify to its *wonderful efficacy.*

Home Certificates from Physicians.

We know Dr. Lawrence's Rosadalis to be a safe and RELIABLE Alterative, &c., and take pleasure in recommending it to the profession and the public.

A. D. MOORE, M. D.,
L. A. SMITH, M. D.,
J. H. WINSTEAD, M. D.
R. G. BARHAM, M. D.,
W. A. DUGGAN, M. D.,
E. BARNES, M. D.,
R. W. KING, M. D.,
S. WOODARD, M. D.
W. T. BREWER, M. D.

January 7th, 1868.

I hereby certify that I am personally acquainted with the above named Physicians, and they are all gentlemen of respectability and standing in this community.

T. C. DAVIS, Mayor of Wilson, N. C.

☞ The ROSADALIS thoroughly eradicates every kind of humor and bad taint, and restores the entire system to a healthy condition.

☞ IT IS PERFECTLY HARMLESS, never producing the slightest injury.

☞ It is not a Secret Quack Remedy. The articles of which it is made are published around each bottle, and it is used and endorsed by the Leading Physicians everywhere it is known.

PREPARED ONLY BY

J. J. LAWRENCE, M. D., CHEMIST,

BALTIMORE, MD.,

(Late of Wilson, North Carolina.)

PRICE, $1,50 PER BOTTLE.

☞ Sold WHOLESALE by all the principal WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS, in all the large cities of the United States and British America, and retail by Druggists everywhere.

All letters of inquiry, &c., promptly answered. Address

DR. J. J. Lawrence,

Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer, 29 Hanover Street, Baltimore, Md.

Jan 31-148-1y

Almonds, Almonds.

TWO BARRELS SOFT SHELL ALMONDS. For sale by

W. H JONES & CO., July 13-tf Auction'rs & Com. Merchants.

Notice.

THE COPARTNERSHIP heretofore existing, in the manufacture of LIME, under the name and style of "POWELL, WILSON & CO." is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

A. M. POWELL,
J. W. WILSON,
J. H. SHERRILL,
M. THOLLINGER.

Catawba Station, N. C., July 13th, 1868.

NOTICE.

All claims against the late firm of "Powell, Wilson & Co." will be settled by the undersigned and all persons in arrears for Lime will make payment to me, as the business of the firm must be closed up.

A. M. POWELL.

Catawba, Station, N. C., July 15-2awtw

GRAIN AND DRIED FRUIT BAGS.

AT FACTORY PRICES.

PARTIES WISHING TO SHIP US their Wheat will be furnished Bags FREE OF CHARGE.

J. B. HUNTER & CO., General Commission Merchants.

July 15-6t Portsmouth, Va.

SPARKLING CATAWBA SPRINGS.

Catawba County, N. C.

THIS CELEBRATED WATERING PLACE will be open for visitors from June 1st to December 1st.

The medical properties of the waters, both Sulphur and Chalybeate, unrivalled. Accommodations unsurpassed, and a healthier and more delightful place not to be found.

The Proprietor has gone to great expense to improve and beautify the Springs, with an eye to the comfort of his guests and promises every thing will be done to add to the pleasure of all who may honor him with a visit.

Take the Western N. C. Railroad at Satisfactory on Monday, Wednesday, or Friday morning, to Hickory Station, where you will find hacks for the Springs a distance of six miles or by a beautiful well shaded road.

A good band of MUSIC will be at the Springs the entire season. Board $50 per month; $18 per week or $3 per day. Children under ten years of age, and servants, half price. Bath houses complete for pool, plunge, shower or tub baths, and cold, hot baths cold or hot.

J. GOLDEN WYATT, Proprietor.

Sparkling Catawba Springs, Catawba Co. N. C. June 1-dawtm.

For Rent.

TWO GOOD ROOMS, suitable for offices, over the Book Store of WILLIAMS & LAMBETH. Apply to A. WILLIAMS.

June 27-wd1w

LIFE INSURANCE.

THE CONNECTICUT MUTUAL

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

INCORPORATED IN 1846.

ACCUMULATED ASSETS,

$20,000,000.00.

ANNUAL INCOME,

$7,530,886.89.

SURPLUS ASSETS OVER $6,000,000.

AVERAGE DIVIDENDS OVER 50 PER CENT.

Insure your life in the CONNECTICUT MUTUAL, which has proven to be the *cheapest, best and most reliable Company in the world*, because it has the largest amount of surplus, largest number of Policy holders, and rate of expenses less. Simply a Mutual Benefit Society—a combination of individuals united to help one another by the *surest and best* method known; and if a member cannot make but two or three payments, will receive his proportionate amount.

Will issue Policies on any plan desired.

S. D. WAIT, General Ag't., June 2-tf Raleigh, N. C.

The Arlington Mutual

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF VIRGINIA.

A VIRGINIA AND SOUTHERN INSTITUTION. ITS FUNDS ARE KEPT IN THE SOUTH. IT HAS MET WITH UNPRECEDENTED SUCCESS. ITS FORTUNES ARE ESTABLISHED BEYOND ANY CONTINGENCY.

The Company has capital and assets, against its liability, that will compare favorably with any Life Insurance Company on the continent, which is the true test of responsibility.

Its affairs are cautiously administered by selected Directors, of responsibility and business capacity.

It has established its claim to Southern Patronage.

OFFICERS:

PRESIDENT,

JOHN E. EDWARDS,

VICE PRESIDENT, Wm. B. ISAACS. SECRETARY, D. J. HARTSOOK.

MEDICAL EXAMINER,

CHARLES H. SMITH, M. D.

LEGAL ADVISER, H. C. CABELL. GENERAL AGENT, JNO. H. CLAIBORNE

DIRECTORS:

John Enders, William F. Taylor, Samuel S. Cabell, John Dooley, Charles T. Wortham, William Wilkin, Jr. Ed. A. Smith, Thos. J. Evans, James A. Scott, B. M. Quarles, W. H. Tyler, J. E. Edwards, A. Y. Stokes, J. B. Morton, R. H. Dibrell, William H. Palmer, Henry K. Ellyson, Asa Snyder, H. E. C. Baskerville, Samuel C. Tardy, George Jacobs, J. W. Allison, George S. Palmer, A. D. Quarles, H. C. Cabell, D. J. Hartsook, John C. Williams, William G. Taylor, A. P. Algeo, W. B. Isaacs, George L. Belgood, Samuel M. Pixe, LEWIS C. HANES, Agt. Lexington, N. C.

Jan 28-146-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

DR. R. S. PRIMROSE & CO.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

DRUGGISTS,

NEWBERN, N. C.

AGENTS FOR THE STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA FOR

CRESYLIC SOAPS,

AND

SAPONACEOUS COMPOUNDS,

[PATENTED.]

Manufactured under License solely by

JAMES BUCHAN & CO.,

100 Elizabeth Street, New York.

CRESYLIC ACID, well known as certain in its effects for the above purposes, is now for the first time made available for common use. With income under letters patent, various compounds are being manufactured by the undersigned, whose Family Soaps have long been a staple article in the market.

Sheep Dip.

For curing Scab and destroying Insects on Sheep.

5 pound canisters wholesale, $1 25
10 do do do 2 25
50 do kegs do 10 00
200 do barrels, do 35 00

Proportions are one pound Dip to five gallons water for five to ten sheep, according to size.

Plant Protector.

In solution for destroying and repelling insects from Trees or Plants in 1 and 3 pound Canisters at 50 cents and $1; larger packages same price as Sheep Dip.

Cresylic Ointment.

For cure of Foot Rot, &c. In 1 lb tins for killing insects, &c., on stock. In 3 pound canisters, $1.

Carbolic Disinfecting Soap.

In tablets for convenient use in washing Horses, Dogs, Pigs, &c., destroying insects of all kinds, protecting from Flies, cure of sores, scratches and Cracks of all kind. 40 cents per lb. or in boxes 5-6 per tablet at $5 00.

Laundry and No. 1 Soaps.

For use in scrubbing and in the Laundry. Send for a descriptive pamphlet.

June 25-3m

WALTER CLARK,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

HALIFAX, N. C.

Practices in the Courts of Halifax and adjoining Counties. Also in the Federal Courts and Courts of Bankruptcy.

Jan 29-148-6m

DRY GOODS.

SELLING OUT AT

NEW YORK COST!!

DRY GOODS,

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

CROCKERY AND HARDWARE.

OWING TO CONTINUED ILL HEALTH, AND consequent inability to give proper attention to my business, I have concluded to offer my entire stock of

DRY GOODS,

READY MADE CLOTHING,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

Notions and Hosiery, Crockery and Hardware,

AT

NEW YORK COST FOR CASH.

All who are in want of good and fashionable Goods would do well to call at once, before the Goods are picked over.

A. KLINE.

Corner of Fayetteville and Hargett Sts., June 26-1m Raleigh, N. C.

JULY, 1868.

AS THE SEASON HAS CONSIDERABLY advanced, and money is scarce,

BARGAINS

may be had from our Large Stock of

DRY GOODS,

HATS, SHOES,

TRUNKS,

&c., &c., &c.

NOW IS THE TIME for piece or package purchasers, and for Country Merchants.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

July 7-tf

LOOK OUT FOR BARGAINS,

AT

S. H. & W. J. YOUNG'S!

YOU MAY FIND

NEW GOODS

Just Received at LOW PRICES.

Our friends shall have Goods as cheap as they can be bought at any other House.

BARGAINS WILL BE GIVEN:

SUCH AS PRINTS AT 12½ TO 15;

And all DRESS GOODS in proportion.

A good stock of Goods for Boys and Men; N. C. CASSIMERES and JEANS, &c.,

At the old stand of

S. H. YOUNG.

Nov. 27—96-tf

HARDWARE &C.

THOMAS H. BRIGGS,

DEALER IN

HARDWARE AND CUTLERY,

IRON, STEEL,

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,

CARRIAGE MATERIAL,

PAINTS, VARNISHES,

COLORS, OILS,

GLUE AND GLASS

ALSO

Agents for the sale of

Burr and Esopus Mill Stones,

Bolting Cloth,

India Rubber and Leather Belting,

Circular Saws, Iron Verandahs,

Fences, and all kinds of Ornamental Iron Work.

☞ *Two doors below Southern Express Office,*

april 30-tf

41 FAYETTEVILLE STREET.

WHITE GRANITE DINNER WARE,

GLASS GOBLETS, TUMBLERS AND WINE GLASSES,

BOWLS AND PITCHERS,

WATER PITCHERS.

Just received and for sale,

J. BROWN, With Hart & Lewis

Raleigh, N. C., June 30, 1868.

Cotton Plows and Cultivators.

IN STORE MARCH'S PATENTED COTTON Plows and Corn Cultivators—approved by all who have tried them.

June 13-tf JAS. M. TOWLES.

COLLINS & HEATH,

27 LIGHT STREET, BALTIMORE, MD.

"OLD MARYLAND WORKS."

Plumbing,	Mount Vernon Cook Stove,
Sheet Lead,	Patapsco Cook,
Lead Pipe,	Roger Williams's, Universe Cook,
Iron Pipe,	Beebe Range,
Terra Cotta Pipe,	European Range,
Brass Cocks,	Magee Range,
Plated Cocks,	Spruce Range,
Iron, Lead and Zinc Bath Tubs,	Emerald Range,
The Bath Tube with Heaters,	Hayward, Harbutt & Co's Portable Furnace,
Water Closets,	Magee Furnaces, Portable and Brick,
Iron and Cuina Basins,	Parlor, Church and Stoves in great variety,
Hydrants,	All the different styles of Grates,
Pumps,	High Up and Low Down Portable Grates, &c.,
Hams, Fountains,	
Water Wheels	
Garden Vases,	
Water-Coolers,	
Refrigerators, &c.	

Which will be sold as low as can be had in the city.

May 15-1y

A. MILLER,

No. 27 Old Street, Petersburg, Va.

THE HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR

Rags, Brass, Copper and Furs.

All rags can be shipped by freight, and, on receipt of the Railroad receipt, the shipper can draw on me at sight.

may 15-2awtm

RAILROADS.

TO SHIPPERS.

NORTH CAROLINA

ALL STATE

RAILWAY LINES, (THAT USED TO BE)

THE OLD RALEIGH & GASTON RAIL ROAD,

THE SHORTEST, QUICKEST, SAFEST AND BEST LINE, NORTH AND SOUTH, TO BE LEFT OUT IN THE COLD, UNLESS SHIPPERS SPECIALLY

SAY VIA R. & G. R. R!

WE inaugurated and are the *Great through Inland Air Line Route* to all the Northern Markets, and have successfully worked the Line to the entire satisfaction of Shippers, North and South, for the last two years, as the few Thousand shippers in North and South Carolina will testify. We paid the State near Seven Hundred Thousand Dollars for her interest in this Road—thereby saving the people from Taxation for all time to come, $40,000 per year; and we unhesitatingly declare that we can and will give more dispatch to all points, North and South, than any other Line.

NOTICE!

The Great Inland Air Line Freight

ROUTE,

Via THE RALEIGH & GASTON RAIL ROAD,

is the Short Line for Shippers, and you are required so to direct your Freights, or they will be taken by another Route!

To Insure your Freight being carried over this *Great Inland Air Line* safely, direct your consignees to mark your Freight, Care of Rail Road Agent, Portsmouth, Va., or City Point Va., via *Raleigh & Gaston Rail Road*, and to ship as follows:

FROM BOSTON:

Merchants' & Miners' Line, end of Central Wharf, E. Sampson, Agent.

FROM NEW YORK:

Old Dominion Steamship Co., Shipping Point, Pier 27, North River, Foot Beach St., Office 187, Greenwich St. Cor. Dey; N. L. McCready, President.

FROM PHILADELPHIA:

(Via Annemessic) Phila., Wilmington and Baltimore Depot, or Clyde's Line of Steamers, 14 N. Delaware Avenue, W. P. Clyde, Agent.

FROM BALTIMORE:

Baltimore Steam Packet Co., Bay Line Steamers, Foot Union Dock, L. B. Parks, Agent, or Powhatan Steam Boat Co., 90 Light Street, Wharf.

C. B. ALLEN, Freight Ag't. Aug 6-305-tf Raleigh N. C.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

RALEIGH & GASTON RAILROAD CO., SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE, Raleigh, N. C., May 20th, 1868.

On and after May 22d, 1868, Trains will run on the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad, as follows:

Mail Train leaves Raleigh	9.15 A. M.
Arrives at Weldon	2.40 P. M.
Mail Train leaves Weldon	10.55 A. M.
Arrives at Raleigh	3.15 P. M.
Freight Train leaves Raleigh	1.15 P. M.
" " arrives at Raleigh	10.06 A. M.

The Mail Trains make THROUGH connections with all points North and South.

A. B. ANDREWS, may 21-tf Supt. of Transportation.

NORFOLK ADVERTISEMENTS

ESTABLISHED 1851.

KADER BIGGS. JOS. J. BIGGS.

KADER BIGGS & CO.,

COTTON FACTORS

AND

Gener Commission Merchants.

NORFOLK, Va.

SPECIAL AND ENTIRE ATTENTION to sales of Cotton and all other kinds of produce and prompt returns made.

Our long experience in business gives us superior advantages in making sales & the highest market prices.

Cotton forwarded to Liverpool free of commission.

Liberal advances made on produce in hand.

Refer to A. S. McPHERSON, Esq., Asst. State Treas. Bragg, and Hon. B. F. Moore, Raleigh; A. T. Mial, Esq., Wake; Col. Adam J. Heath, Smithfield; Maj. D. S. Hill, Louisburg; Gen. Joshua Barrow, Wilson; Hon. Asa Biggs, Tarboro, and Messrs. John Myers & Son, Washington.

Norfolk, Va., June 2—tf

STAVES WANTED.

We will CONTRACT for, or purchase at MARKET PRICES on ARRIVAL,

300,000 Red Oak Hhd Staves,
300,000 White Oak Hhd "
100,000 White Oak "Heading,
75,000 White Oak Pipe Staves,
50,000 White Oak Hhd "

Norfolk Inspection.

The White Oak Staves and Heading will be received as soon as they can be delivered. The oil Oaks, from September to January next.

Prime Stock, and full particulars for getting staves prepared, furnished on application to

CHARLES REID & SON, Norfolk, Va.

Mar 19 tf

DR. JORDAN,

OF NORFOLK, VA.

TREATS DISEASES OF THE THROAT, WINDPIPE AND LUNGS,

By a modification of the plan of the late Dr. Green, of New York, with a success beyond any other treatment ever instructed.

He has devoted much time and treated Female complaints, hitherto considered incurable, with gratifying results. Skin diseases of the most inveterate character, he has had the good fortune to cure in a short time.

Norfolk is one of the best retreats for patients of either class on the American Continent.

Norfolk, Va., June 18-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

GRAIN AND FLOUR SACKS!

THE OLD ESTABLISHED

"Corn Exchange Bag Manufactory"

is prepared to furnish GRAIN SACKS of any desired size or quality, and at short notice. Also COTTON AND PAPER FLOUR SACKS neatly printed to order.

Information promptly furnished upon application.

W. B. ASTEN & CO., June 13-3m 25 PEARL ST., New York City.

FRESH PEACHES!!

50 dozen 3 lb., Cans (1qt.) $4 00 per doz.
15 " 9 lb., " (2qts.) $8 00 " "

ALL WARRANTED FRESH.

The Cans are sealed with wax and can be used again.

Apply to

E. H. POSTER, Feb 19-103-tf Wilmington, N. C.

Important to Printers.

A GOOD PRINTER, capable of conducting a good Weekly paper, desirable in every and other respects, of a gentleman with some means who is desirous of locating an Office can hear of a situation in an intelligent community, in the Eastern part of the State. The business district is now a fair business can be had, on moderate terms, for the consideration of a Weekly. Apply by application to

June 13-2w EDITORS OF SENTINEL.

PRINTER'S NEWS INK.

FOR THE accommodation of our numerous readers in the State, we propose to keep on hand a quantity of NEWS PAPER INK manufactured in Philadelphia, and will sell it, for cash, at Philadelphia prices. We have it in kegs of 50 and 25 pounds each, at 20 cts. per pound. The cash must accompany orders. Apply to the

Apr. 6-tf EDITORS OF THE SENTINEL.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

The SENTINEL is published every day, except Sunday, on the following terms:

Three months	$2 00
Six months	4 00
One year	8 00
Semi-Weekly Sentinel one year	4,00
" " " six months	2 00
Weekly Sentinel, one year	2,00
" " six months	1 00

THE SENTINEL.

WILLIAM E. PELL, } SEATON GALES, EDITORS.

SATURDAY, JULY 18, 1868

NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC TICKET!

FOR PRESIDENT,

HON. HORATIO SEYMOUR,

OF NEW YORK.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,

GEN. FRANK P. BLAIR,

OF MISSOURI.

THE STATUS OF THE WHITE MAN AND NEGRO.

The resolutions presented by Mr. Robbins, on Thursday last, in the Senate, fully defining the position of the General Assembly on the question of the legitimate and proper distinction between the whites and negroes, in reference to schools, militia, control in the government, the prohibition of intermarriages between white and black, &c., are of the first importance, and are absolutely necessary to be adopted at once by the Legislature, in order to a proper understanding, among the people of the State, and in order to make known the real position of every white man in the State on these vital questions.

While the Conservative people of the State are pledged fully to recognize the entire freedom of the African race among us, and the justice of their claims, as freemen, to all civil rights, in an equal degree with all other citizens, they will determinedly resist, in every legitimate way, all attempts to confer equal and superior political privileges upon them, without regard to their capacity or merits,—especially when the admission of their right to suffrage and office is connected with the prohibition of suffrage and office to white citizens, and many of our best people. They will oppose all tendencies to social equality or recognition, and, hence, will oppose mixed schools, mixed militia, mixed juries, in cases where white men alone are concerned, and the intermarriage of whites and blacks, as *fundamental* principles in the government of North Carolina.

The white Radicals must be fully tested on these matters. They must not be allowed to shirk these question,—they must be put on the record fully. They cannot longer be allowed to have one platform in the West and another in the East. If Radicalism is determined to stand or fall upon the doctrine of negro equality, as its friends declare they will, let them understand that every Radical *in the West* is bound by the platform of the party, as much so as those *of the East*.

Let the question be fully tested, whether or not the negro rules in North Carolina or the white man. It is very evident that is the House, on the question of expelling our Reporter, the negro carried his point; and, without some counter expression, the question is settled, that the negro *rules the House* in the General Assembly of North Carolina. The white man has no showing in *that* body, among the Radicals!

GRANT AS A MILITARY DICTATOR.

He must be wilfully blind, and wholly enamored of personal profit and promotion, who does not see the inevitable tendencies of Radicalism to the destruction of liberty and the triumph of military despotism in the land, if it should succeed.

Gen. Grant has exhibited none of the unselfishness of a great military hero, none of the spirit of self-sacrifice which led Washington to surrender all that his success secured him of honor or power, to the greater good of his country.

He has shown that he is tenacious of power, proud in the possession of authority, selfish to a fault in the appropriation of his gains. We have, therefore, held, that, although he lacks the sense and the genius to wield Empire, yet his imperturbable will and stubborn persistence in an object against all opposition, will make him a ready tool to the spirit of military tyranny.

Should Gen. Grant be elected President, which we do not believe possible, in the present state of public opinion, he may not disappoint those who know him intimately, but we believe he will disappoint every man of any patriotism who votes for him.—We have for months intimated that his further success would terminate in his assumption of dictatorial power. When he once feels himself secure in the stirrups, he will not hesitate to dismiss the Congress, telling them that he has no further use for them, simply retaining around him those who are most obsequious and most daring. This idea is strongly corroborated by the following from the New York *World*:

"A prominent officer of the Union army, while driving with a friend a few days since, took occasion to eulogize some of the characteristics of Grant, declaring that the American people did not understand him. "I saw," said this officer, "a great deal of him during the war, and know all his strong and weak points." "But," asked one of the party, "do you think he is the right man to elect President of the United States?" To this the Union officer replied: "That depends upon circumstances. If the people desire military rule, Grant should be elected; for, from my knowledge of the man, I will stake my reputation on the prediction that if he is elected he will proclaim himself Dictator within twelve months after he is sworn into office!" This is the opinion of a Union soldier who held close personal relations with Grant, during the greater portion of the late war."

IT IS NOW thought, if the President shall send in his veto of the Electoral Bill, to-day, that Congress will adjourn on Monday.

THE REAL REBELS.

Shortly after the pardoned "rebel and traitor," who now "writes himself Governor of North Carolina," assumed the duties of "Provisional Governor," by virtue of President Johnson's appointment, he declared that, except as to slavery, "so far as her existence *as a State* and her *rights as a State* were concerned, North Carolina had undergone no change." He also avowed that the President's policy, which he was *then* engaged in carrying out, "was as broad, as *just* and as liberal as the *Constitution* itself." Very well. When the Legislature of 1865-'6 met, a bill was promptly introduced, entitled "A Bill to punish seditious language, insurrections, and rebellions in the State."—We have not a copy of the bill before us, but it provided that any one who should do or publish anything intended to produce rebellion or insurrection against the government of the State, *as then organized*, under the policy of President Johnson, should be fined, or imprisoned, or *whipped*,—perhaps all three combined. It was passed into a law and received the unanimous support of those in the Legislature who were then in accord with Provisional Governor Holden. Such men as Mr. Winstead, the present Radical Senator from Person, Mr. Blythe, the present Radical Senator from Henderson, Mr. C. L. Harris, who now writes himself "Superintendent of Public Works, and others, voted for it throughout.

And yet, in the teeth of this very law, of their own making, "Gov." Holden and these men were the very first to raise the hand of "rebellion" against the government which they declared valid, Constitutional and binding! The election of Gov. Worth and their own ejection from office was the signal for quasi-"insurrection." They would be just as ready, to-morrow, if they were driven off from the "flesh-pots," to decry, denounce and seek to overthrow the *present* State organization, as bogus and invalid.—And yet such men and their followers have the assurance to talk about "rebels," and "treason," and "sedition!" *Several* ounces of "civet, good apothecary!"

MEANNESS.—Those members elect to the Legislature, who are shamefully assumed, by those having the *power* to exclude them, to be banned by the Howard amendment, before it is declared a part of the Federal Constitution, came to the Capital, in the confident expectation that, after the State government ceased to be Provisional, there would be no bar to their qualification.—They came in good faith, expecting some little *justice*, even at the hands of Radicals. In this they have been disappointed. By an arbitrary exercise of power, only equalled by that of the "Governor" in attempting to interfere with municipal corporations, they have been deprived of their lawful rights, and their constituencies cheated out of representation.

These gentlemen have been here at great expense to themselves, at a time when none of them can afford to bear it. And yet there were found *forty-two* men in the House of Representatives, who voted against allowing them the *per diem* and mileage, which have always been accorded, under similar circumstances, in Congress and in all legislative assemblies. These forty-two narrow-minded Jacobins would not only deprive these excluded members of their legal rights, but would saddle them with the cost of the outrage which has been perpetrated! Was there ever such meanness!

The bill allowing these gentlemen their pay passed the House, however, by a small majority. We cannot doubt that the Senate, which is, with some exceptions, a much more reasonable body, will promptly confirm this deed of simple right, justice and uniform courtesy.

If what is announced as the ratification of the fourteenth amendment by the Legislature of North Carolina is indeed a legal ratification, then the thirteenth, or emancipation, amendment is not a part of the Constitution of the United States. The same Legislature which ratified that amendment (December 1, 1865) on the part of North Carolina, rejected (December 13, 1866) the fourteenth amendment, and if this rejection is not valid, then neither is the prior act of ratification. But it was ratification which made that thirteenth amendment a part of the Constitution, and therefore if the ratification fails the amendment fails with it.—*N. Y. World.*

The above is one of the knots which Congress does not propose to untie, but which it *eats*, to escape the dilemma. But the Democratic party must hold Congress and the Radical party to its own principles.—Congress accepts the 13th amendment of the Constitution, by the people of North Carolina, in 1865, by their representatives in Convention, as the valid act of a State in full fellowship with the Union, (*if not*, the U. S. Constitution does not yet prohibit slavery,) but when the same people, by their representatives, in 1866, *reject* the Howard amendment, then Congress declares they are not a State. If a State in 1866, then she rejected the Howard amendment. Hence, the recent action of her Legislature, which ratifies the Howard amendment, is invalid, or the 13th amendment is not a part of the Constitution. It is also held that a State cannot change its vote on an amendment to the Constitution; if so, the recent ratification is invalid.

IT WILL BE SEEN that Holden sent in a special message to the Legislature, on yesterday, on the subject of arming a Brownlow militia force. If the Legislature succumbs in this matter, let the bill have the proper title: "A bill to inaugurate war and organize Pandemonium in North Carolina." That state of things will be the sure result.

POOR BEAST!—Gen. Craig, of Missouri, who is handled pretty roughly in Butler's report of the managers' investigation, has published a column letter, in which he charges on Butler in the most emphatic manner, denouncing as false every statement contained in the report relating to him, and calling Butler "a great liar" and "a dirty dog." We hear of other letters of a similar purport.

Butler pays no taxes, if his own declarations may be credited. He said in the House on Tuesday that "the unjust, the rascal, the knave, the rebel, make no returns, and escape taxation."

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA.

BY AUTHORITY OF CONGRESS.

FIRST SESSION.

SENATE.

FRIDAY, July 17, 1868.

The Senate was called to order at 10 o'clock, A. M.

A message was received from the House, transmitting a communication from the Governor, urging the necessity of prompt action in the passage of a militia bill or police force. He was still of the opinion, and, so far as his authority extended, he would carry it out, that none but the "*treaty loil*" should be promoted to office. He had appointed Justices of the Peace for counties, and Commissioners of towns, and it was necessary that, when there was resistance, he should have an organized force to execute *his orders*.

On motion of Mr. Brogden, it was ordered to be printed and referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

INTRODUCTION OF BILLS.

By Mr. Welker: A bill providing for a State Police.

(This bill authorizes the Governor to appoint a sufficient number of police for each county to keep the peace. It further provides that no man shall be a member of said force, until he subscribes to the oath of office provided in the Constitution of the State. We will notice the bill more minutely at another time.)

It was referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

By Mr. Jones: A bill to incorporate the North Carolina Life Insurance, Annuity and Trust Company.

By Mr. Wilson: A bill ratifying and confirming an ordinance of the Convention, in relation to the North Carolina North Western Railroad Company.

By Mr. Shoffner: A bill requiring the Trustees of the University to reside in the counties for which they are appointed.

By Mr. Moore, of Yancey: A bill to incorporate the Enterprise Manufacturing Company.

By Mr. Love: A bill to increase the capital stock of the Western North Carolina Railroad; which reads as follows:

The General Assembly of North Carolina do enact: SECTION 1st. That the Western North Carolina Railroad Company may increase its capital stock to ten millions of dollars.

SEC. 2nd. That the State shall take stock in said Company, not exceeding two-thirds of the capital stock thereof, according to the regulations now prescribed by law, until the said Road is completed to its termini at Ducktown and Paint Rock; and the said Company shall, from time to time, have the right to make or discontinue branch roads to said road; *Provided*, the State shall take no stock for the purpose of constructing any such branch Road, except the branch from the town of Asheville in the county of Buncombe to the Paint Rock.

The following bills were considered on their third reading, and disposed of as follows:

An act to repeal an act, directing the time and place for selling land in the Counties of Halifax, Northampton, Hertford and Martin, passed.

A bill to extend the time for registering grants, mesne conveyances, powers of attorney, deeds of sale, deeds of gifts, deeds of trust, and marriage settlements, passed.

An act to extend the Chatham Railroad: The 1st. section reads as follows, to-wit:

The General Assembly of the State of North Carolina do enact: That the Chatham Railroad Company is hereby authorized to extend their Road from the graded terminus, at or near Haw River, to the South Carolina State line, near Cheraw, the most approved route to be determined by the President and Directors of said Road.

Which was amended, by striking out "graded terminus, at or near Haw River," and inserting the word "Gulf."

Its further consideration was postponed until Thursday next.

An act entitled an act concerning Inspectors for the city of Wilmington was taken up and passed its second reading. The 1st., 2nd. and 8th. sections of this bill read as follows:

Sec. 1. *The General Assembly of North Carolina do enact*, That the Governor shall appoint three Inspectors for the city of Wilmington, who shall severally hold office, at the pleasure of the Governor, as Inspector of Naval Stores, Inspector of Provisions and Forage, and Inspector of Timber, Lumber, Shingles and Wood, and who, with their deputies, shall have exclusive power to inspect Naval Stores, Provisions and Forage, Timber, Lumber, Shingles and Wood, in said city of Wilmington, according to existing laws.

Sec. 3. *Be it further enacted*, That the Inspectors shall have full power to determine what articles come respectively within the province of their authority, and the manner of inspecting, measuring, weighing or gauging the same. The said Board of Commissioners shall, from time to time, regulate the fees to be paid to the Inspectors, but the Governor may at any time increase or diminish said fees.

Sec. 8. *Be it further enacted*, That any person disqualified from holding office by the 14th. Article of the Constitution of the United States, shall not be eligible to act as Inspector or Deputy Inspector, unless such disability shall have been removed by Congress.

Mr. Sweet moved a suspension of the rules, in order to put the bill on its third reading; which motion was lost.

On motion of Mr. Winstead, the special order for this evening, viz: The resolution allowing those Senators, who are banned from taking their seats, to be heard, was taken up and made the special order for Thursday next, at 11 o'clock.

On motion, the Senate adjourned until to-morrow, at 10 o'clock.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

[BY UNDERGROUND RAILROAD.]

FRIDAY, July 17, 1868.

The Congressional mob was told by its so-called Speaker to come to order, at 10½ o'clock.

The memorandum of yesterday's iniquity was read, enjoyed and approved.

Leary, negro, was, by the condescension of the august body, allowed to correct his vote,—he having been reported, in the *Standard*, wrongly.

A message was received from the Senate, in regard to some unimportant matter, and disposed of.

A communication from W. W. Holden, who "writes himself Governor," was received and read for the edification of his bootlicks. The message urged the greatest dispatch in organizing the militia, as a means of establishing "peace," to support the mild and beneficent government that he intended to erect in the State, and to secure a Radical triumph at the next election.

This sweet scented and highly-perfumed document went on to say that the government should be made a terror to all evil-doers, (i. e. all those who are not ashamed to say that they are white men.)

He alluded to those illegal appointments he had already made and wanted military power to enforce them, anyhow.

Laflin (c. b.) moved to refer that portion which refers to the military to the Committee on Military affairs, and the part which refers to the appointment of civil officers, to the Committee on the Judiciary.—Adopted.

House bill for the installation of officers elect, under the new Constitution, was returned by the Senate, with amendments, asking the concurrence of the House.

Estes (c. b., who is grieving himself nigh unto death, over the departure of Shaker Joe,) moved to suspend the rules, in order to put the bill on its several readings. Carried.

Mr. Pou moved to strike out all after the word "act" in 4th. line, section 8.

The Chair ordered the bill to be read for the second time, section by section.

Mr. Pou pressed his amendment and gave as his reason for doing so, that no authority existed competent to determine the fact of election.

Foster (c. b.) said something.

Messrs. Seymour and Pou attempted to enlighten him, but he seemed to be dull of comprehension.

Mr. Durham moved, as a substitute for Mr. Pou's amendment, to strike out the whole of the 8th section. He said the Constitution of North Carolina allows every voter to hold office, and if this was prohibited only by the Constitution of the United States, Congress is the proper power to regulate it. He alluded to the different opinions entertained by different persons as to what constitutes an act of rebellion under the 14th article. Even Gens. Sickles and Canby differed widely on this point, and the action of the Senate differed from that of the House. Consequently, officers elected, construing this article for themselves, even after procuring legal advice, might conscientiously lay themselves liable to the penalty imposed by section 9, or to an indictment.

The Chair ruled that Mr. Pou's amendment, being an amendment to an amendment, the question should be first taken upon it, then upon Mr. Durham's amendment, which partook of the nature of a substitute.

Mr. Pou's amendment was put to a vote and lost.

Mr. Seymour moved to reconsider the vote and argued at length in favor of the amendment.

After a good deal of debate, the motion to reconsider was put and carried.

The question recurred upon the adoption of the amendment, and being again put, it was adopted.

Mr. Durham's amendment was taken up and discussed.

Mr. Pou replied at some length to the arguments advanced by Mr. Durham, in support of his amendment.

Mr. Argo made an able and clear argument in support of Mr. Durham's amendment.

Mr. Seymour replied briefly to Mr. Argo.

Old Mr. Downing, who had been snugly snoozing, suddenly woke and astonished the House by demanding to know what was under discussion.

The Chair sustained its reputation for urbanity by giving the required information in the most condescending and affable manner.

Mr. Ellis concurred with Mr. Durham. He took the ground that the 14th. article was not yet legally a part of the Constitution of the United States, &c.

Mr. Durham's amendment was then put to the House and lost.

Mr. Jarvis explained why the section should be altered, and proceeded to show up the whole bill as nothing more than a strict party measure, and offered an amendment.

Secession Blair made a point of order, that, as Mr. Durham's amendment had been lost, the section was not open to discussion.

The Speaker at once overruled such a foolish point.

Foster, (c. b.) for the second time, rallied and fired a random shot, which hit no body.

Mr. Seymour urged dispatch in passing the bill, as a good many hungry radicals, recently elected to office, were eagerly awaiting it.

Justice, of Rutherford, finding the question about to be put, made a desperate grab at the rope of the argument, and, by hook or crook, gained the floor and proceeded to let off some extra gas.

Mr. Jarvis' amendment was put to a vote and lost.

The section, as amended, was then adopted.

After some further amendment, and a great deal of squabbling, the bill passed its second reading.

On its third reading, Mr. Smith, of Alleghany, moved to amend, in section 1st, by inserting, after the word "Commissioner," in 6th line, the words "or a Commissioner of any other County, who has been previously qualified." Adopted.

The bill then passed its third reading, without further amendment.

Mr. Bowman, from the Committee on adjournment, reported that the Committee had consulted with the "Governor" and Heads of Departments, and had ascertained that the following bills only were absolutely necessary for the organization of the new government, viz:

A law providing for the organization of the "loil" militia; a law authorizing the Public Treasurer to *borrow* money, to carry on the State government; a registration law; a law providing for Presidential Electors; a law providing for the election of members of Congress; a law providing for municipal elections; a law providing for the holding of terms of the Superior Courts; a law defining duties of the heads of departments, with a provision for them to draw a sum, *not exceeding two hundred dollars per month*, until their salaries and fees are regulated; a resolution requiring the Board of Education to report on or before the 15th. of November next; a code of laws for the organization and maintenance of the system of free schools contemplated by the Constitution. Therefore, the Committee recommended, as the above work could be accomplished within the next 15 or 20 days, that this General Assembly should adjourn on the 10th of August next, if practicable.

After some little discussion the whole report was adopted.

By consent, Ingram introduced a bill for the representation of stock owned by certain counties in the Wilmington, Charlotte and Rutherford Railroad. Referred.

By Downing: A joint resolution declaring offices, to which persons banned by the 14th article have been elected, vacant, and empowering the "Governor" to fill them by appointment. Lies over.

The concern here got hungry and adjourned to their respective places of abode.—They will meet to-morrow at 10 o'clock.

Information wanted of one U. S. Grant, or U. H. Grant, or, as he also calls himself, H. U. Grant, who left Washington a fortnight since. He stated to his friends that he was going West to "see a man." No man out West has seen him, and it is feared that he has been gobbled up by the police. Any intelligence concerning his whereabouts will be thankfully received by his bereaved party.—*World.*

The heat yesterday was said to be the most intense that has been felt in New York for fourteen years. A very large number of persons fell in the street insensible from the heat, two of whom died during the day. Thirty seven persons were taken to Bellevue Hospital, three of whom died.—*N. Y. Herald, 5th.*

DIED:

At Olive Hill, in Person County, on the evening of the 27th of May, 1868, Mrs. SALLIE T. WILLIAMS, consort of Mr. Robert W. Williams, in the 23th year of her age. During her illness she frequently spoke of her departure, and manifested great concern for her four little children, who were so soon to be left destitute of a mother's anxious care. In the bloom and vigor of womanhood, when hope brightens every vista in our pathway of life, she was cut off; leaving a name pure and spotless, to be loved and cherished by those most dear to her on earth. But we should not mourn her loss, when we are assured that "Precious in the sight of the Lord is the death of His saints."

A FRIEND.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER, made in the Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, for Wake County, at May Term, 1868, in the case of J. R. Rogers, Administrator, and J. R. Rogers against Sion H. Rogers, I will sell, at the Court House door, in the City of Raleigh, on the 20th day of August, 1868, at 12 o'clock, M., all the Real Estate of the late Sion Rogers subject to the widow's dower.

The lands are situate about six miles North of Raleigh, and there are about ONE THOUSAND acres.

TERMS—Twelve months credit.

The undersigned, living upon the premises, will take great pleasure in showing the same to persons desirous of purchasing.

J. ROWAN ROGERS, Commissioner.

July 18-td

LOUISBURG FEMALE COLLEGE.

A CARD.

I have been credibly informed that a report has been widely circulated, that the exercises of the Louisburg Female College will not be resumed the coming session. This report is entirely without foundation. The School will open, at the time specified in advertisements in various newspapers, offering advantages in every department of instruction, unsurpassed by any School in the State. It is to me very unpleasant to be under the necessity of correcting false rumors, calculated to injure the College, *three* or four times in the short space of 2½ years. I hope my friends and the public will not allow an institution of learning to be broken down by false reports, originating either through mistake, interested motives or malice.

Louisburg, July 18-3t T. M. JONES.

Newspaper for Sale.

THE UNDERSIGNED offer for sale, on accommodating terms, the Newspaper and Job Presses, Type, Inks, fixtures and all the other material pertaining to the *Fayetteville News* publishing and printing office, together with the "good will" and subscription list of the same.—Located in one of the largest towns and best sections of North Carolina, the only secular paper in all the tier of the nine counties of Bladen, Sampson, Robeson, Cumberland, Moore, Chatham, Randolph, Montgomery and Richmond, the Fayetteville *News* offers first-rate inducements to the purchaser. During the past two years it has nearly tripled its circulation, has constantly increased its material and paid for it—and will make, by a showing of its receipts, a very gratifying exhibit.

One of the proprietors having decided to remove to another State, and the other not feeling inclined or fitted to carry on the business alone, this sale has been deemed necessary; and the most satisfactory evidence will be given persons desiring to purchase, that the present proprietors of the paper are not about to abandon its publication from any failure of success.

For particulars, address

H. L. & J. H. MYROVER,

July 18-law2w Fayetteville, N. C.

Wanted

A YOUNG LADY, to teach in my family, Mathematics, English, Latin, French and Music. Correspond with me, enclo ing reference, at Whitaker's, Edgecombe County, N. C.

July 17-1w E. C. TAYLOR.

NOTICE.

THE COPARTNERSHIP, existing under the name and style of E. J. PARISH & CO., is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

All in arrears will make immediate payment to E. J PARISH, as the business of the firm must be closed.

E. J. PARISH,
W. F. ASKEW.

Raleigh, July 17th, 1868.

NOTICE.

I cheerfully recommend E. J PARISH to my various friends and customers as one deserving their confidence and support.

W. F. ASKEW.

TO THE PUBLIC.

In my continuation of business, I thank you for the past favors and liberal support given me, and can but ask a continuance of the same.

You will find me at my old place, East Market Square.

July 17-tf E. J. PARISH.

Chowan Baptist Female Institute.

MURFREESBORO', N. C.

THE NEXT SESSION will commence on the first Wednesday in October, with a full corps of able and experienced instructors.

In view of the diminished means of our people, and in order to afford the advantages of education to as great a number as possible, the Trustees have reduced the charges for Board and Tuition as low as is consistent with the large facilities afforded.

For full information, address

July 16-2w* A. McDOWELL.

44 Fayetteville Street.

SELF SEALING ONE AND TWO QUART Fruit Jars.

J. BROWN

Raleigh, July 15-tf With Hart & Lewis.

APPLE AND PEACH PEELERS.

For sale by

J. B. HUNTER & CO.,
General Commission Merchants,

July 15-6t Portsmouth, Va.

NOTICE.

WE HAVE BEEN INSTRUCTED TO OFFER the following Goods at New York Cost, viz:

Beautiful China Tea Setts.	
Plain white "	Dinner "
Handsome "	Spittoons.
" "	Vases, Mugs and Cups,
" "	Toilet Setts.

Cigars and Cigarettes.
Canned Fruits, Strawberries.
Pears, Cherries and Quinces.
Prunes, in large Glass Jars
Tomatoe Catsup and Sauces
A La Mode Beef, in Cans
Mock Turtle " "
Nutmegs, Allspice.
Ground and Race Ginger.
Brimstone, Flour Sulphur,
Indigo, Borax, Soda.
Lemon Syrup, Sweet Oil.
Toilet Soaps, superior Blacking
Plow Lines, Steel Weeding Hoes.
Trace Chains, Long handle Spades.
Bird, Buck and Squirrel Shot.

And many other goods, all of which we offer at Cost, for Cash down.

W. H. JONES & CO.,

July 15-tf Auct'rs & Com. Merchants.

GENUINE IMPORTED WINES & LIQUORS.

CHAMPAGNE OF THE FOLLOWING brands:

"Carte Blanche."
"Bouzy Exquis"
"Fleur de Sillery."
"Heidsick"

Choice N. C. Scuppernong, on draught and in casks.

Port, Madeira and Sherry, in casks
Pure French and Apple Brandy.
" Rye and Corn Whiskey
" Holland Gin.
" Jamaica Rum.
" Blackberry Wine.
" " Brandy.

W. H. JONES & CO.,

July 14-tf Auc. & Com. Merchants.

MODERN GOLGOTHA!

PLACE FOR THE SKULL!!

10 DOZEN NEW STYLE AND ELEGANT qualities of

PANAMA, PEERLESS,

AND

CANTON BAVARIAN

HATS!!

Something NICE AND CHEAP for this hot Summer Weather, for

Gents, Ladies and Boys.

Just received by Express, this day.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.,

Raleigh, July 14, 1868-tf

COLLEGES AND SCHOOLS.

Louisburg Female College,

FRANKLIN CO., N. C.

THE FALL SESSION OF 1868 will begin on the 13th day of August.

The success of the institution, under its present administration, has far surpassed the expectations of its most sanguine friends.

CHARGES PER SESSION OF 20 WEEKS:

Board (exclusive of washing and lights) and Tuition in the regular English course and Ancient Languages, $100. Extra Studies moderate. $50 in advance,—remainder at the end of the session.

ADVANTAGES.

An able, energetic, and successful Faculty; an extensive and wisely arranged course of study; a judicious and thorough system of instruction; a select Chemical and Philosophical apparatus; a good Library; fine Musical instruments; a beautiful, pleasant, and healthful location; a large, commodious building, with rooms well ventilated and well warmed in winter; excellent water, good fare; kind attention to the wants of the pupils; mild and efficient government, and ample Religious privileges.

For Circulars, containing full particulars, apply to

T. M. JONES, President.

June 15-tf

TRINITY COLLEGE, N. C.

THE FALL TERM commences Aug. 5, 1868.

EXPENSES.

Tuition, per term	$30 00
Tuition in Preparatory and Special Schools	20 00 to 30 00
Board, including furnished room, per month	11 00 to 12 00
Whole expense, including tuition, board, washing, fuel and Janiter's fee, per term	75 00 to 95 00

All expenses to be paid in currency; Board monthly in advance; Tuition, one half in advance, the remainder at the middle of the term; books and stationery on delivery.

Any departure from these regulations must be by special arrangement.

Indigent young men and patrons, desiring some indulgence, should correspond with the President of the Faculty.

For full information as to course of study, Special Schools &c., send for a Catalogue.

On all matters pertaining to the College, apply to Dr. Craven, Trinity College, N. C.

I. T. WYCHE
Sec. Board Trustees.

July 2-eod3w*

Wilmington Journal, Norfolk Journal, Danville Times, Charlotte Democrat and Wadesboro Argus publish four times, each, and send bill to Rev. Dr. Craven, at Trinity.

BINGHAM SCHOOL.

MEBANEVILLE, N. C.

FALL TERM opens July 22nd. Address

Col. WM. BINGHAM.

June 20-1m.

Wake Forest College, N. C.

THE FALL TERM OF THIS INSTITUTION will open on the first day of August, 1868, with the prospect of increased patronage and success. The complete assurance given at the recent Commencement of the adaptedness of the University system to the wants of the times, and of its feasibility, encourages us to feel to believe that the College has entered upon a career of popularity and usefulness hitherto unknown in its history. The financial embarrassments to which all Southern Colleges have been subjected are not felt to the same extent at Wake Forest, as at some others, in consequence of the considerable amount of original endowment saved, and of the favorable reception with which the Agent of the College meets in securing additional funds. An expenditure of more than $1,000 has been recently made in improving the condition of the building and grounds.

Determined to bring its advantages within reach of the largest number possible, the Trustees, seconded by the community, have reduced the price of Board and Tuition to the lowest practicable rates.

The officers of intruction are gentlemen of tried ability in their several departments, and the success attending their efforts in the past is the best guarantee the public can have for the future.

The location of the College in point of healthfulness and accessibility, (being situated on the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad, a few miles from the Capital of the State,) is not surpassed by that of any other in the land; while the moral and social influences connected with and surrounding it, and the peculiar discipline enforced, present inducements to patronage of no ordinary kind.

A system of PUBLIC LECTURES on literary and scientific subjects has been introduced, with a view to increase the interest of the young men in the several departments of study, and to furnish additional incentives to investigation and research.

Extensive and well selected LIBRARIES belonging to the Societies, and complete APPARATUS, PHILOSOPHICAL and CHEMICAL, are not to be omitted in the enumeration of the advantages possessed.

Another encouraging feature is that there are, at present, thirteen young men engaged in studies preparatory to the work of the Ministry; and it may not be amiss to state that any Minister, who may apply for admission, will receive tuition in all the departments free of charge, and those of this class, who are without means, are encouraged to apply to the Board of Education for further assistance.

EXPENSES IN CURRENCY:

Tuition for Preparatory School (per Session)	$30,00
" " Collegiate Course, " "	35 00
Board per week in private families (table fare)	2,50 to 3,00
Board, per week, with lodging,	3 0 to 3.75
Room rent (to those lodging in College Building) per session	3,00
Servants' hire	3 00
Washing, per month,	1,50

No Student is permitted to register his name until College dues are paid.

W. T. BROOKS,

June 22-d3w1Aug15 Sec. Board of Trustees.

Thomasville Female College,

THOMASVILLE, N. C.

THE FALL SESSION of this institution will commence on Tuesday, the 4th of August, and continue twenty weeks.

BOARD: $10 per month, and other charges proportionally low. SIXTY DOLLARS must be prepaid by each young lady on entering, and the balance at the close of the term.

The Faculty is full and composed of able and experienced Teachers. The course is extensive embracing all the solid and ornamental branches taught in other Female Colleges. The religious advantages are unsurpassed.

This College is located between Salisbury and Greensboro', in one of the most beautiful and healthy towns on the N. C. Central Railroad, and is in two miles of the celebrated "Holton Chalybeate Springs." And at the additional expense of 25 cents per day any of the "College girls" can have the constant use of the water.

For Circulars, containing full particulars, address

Rev. D. R. BRUTON, President.

June 24-d2aw.swA w10th aug.

Charlotte Female Institute.

CHARLOTTE, N. C.

REV. R. BURWELL,
JNO. B. BURWELL, A. M. } *Principals.*

THE NEXT SESSION will commence on the 1st of October, 1868, and continue until 30th June, 1869.

The Session is divided into two terms of twenty weeks each, and pupils can be entered for the whole session or for one term.

The charge for Board (including every expense, washing, fuel, lights, &c.) with Tuition in English Branches, will be $130, per term of 20 weeks.

Music, Ancient and Modern Languages, Drawing and Painting, *extra*, at usual charges.

For Circular and Catalogue, containing full particulars as to terms, &c., address

Rev. R. BURWELL & SON,

July 11-3m Charlotte, N. C.

MRS. LACY'S SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES.

RALEIGH, N. C.

The FIFTH TERM of this School will commence on MONDAY, the 3rd of August, 1868, and continue twenty weeks.

Six pupils can be accommodated as boarders. Circulars sent on application.

DR. LACY'S School for Boys will be discontinued. He will give such instruction in the Girls' School as may be desired.

July 10-2aw4d

Mecklenburg Female College.

CHARLOTTE, N. C.

REV. A. G. STACY, A. M., President.

NEXT SCHOOL YEAR WILL COMMENCE October 1st, 1868.

A full corps of able and accomplished Instructors will be at their posts.

Rates as low as can be afforded in a first class Female College. The last scholastic year has just closed. One hundred and fifty-four pupils having been enrolled. Address

THE PRESIDENT,

July 14-tf Charlotte, N. C.

BOOK STORES.

WILLIAMS & LAMBETH,

BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,

OPPOSITE NATIONAL BANK,

RALEIGH, N. C.

KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND

A LARGE STOCK OF

SCHOOL BOOKS,

STANDARD WORKS,

MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS, STATIONERY, FANCY ARTICLES, &c., &c.

Together with every article usually kept in their line of business.

AT THE LOWEST CASH PRICES.

AGENTS FOR

WILCOX & GIBBS' FAMILY SEWING MACHINES.

June 22-3m

L. BRANSON, J. A. JONES
Ag't N. C. Business Directory.

BRANSON & JONES,

SUCCESSORS TO

Branson, Farrar & Co.,

CONTINUE THE BOOK BUSINESS AT THE same stand, near Tucker Hall, and still keep on hand a supply of

BOOKS AND STATIONERY,

at reduced prices.

Consignments of second hand Law and Miscellaneous Books solicited.

Particular attention paid to orders.

BRANSON & JONES,

Jan 29 '68-1f Raleigh, N. C.

NICHOLSON'S ENCYCLOPEDIA, in 6 vols., just received and for sale at

BRANSON & JONES

June 19-tf Raleigh.

New and Elegant Books.

JUST RECEIVED!

Globe edition of Dickens' Works,
" " Bulwer's
" " Shakespeare's "
" " Burns' and others
Abbottsford Waverly Novels.
All new, nice and cheap, at

July 4-tf BRANSON & JONES'.

Just to Hand.

A LARGE LOT of second-hand MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS, on consignment, and for sale at very reasonable rates

BRANSON & JONES,

June 19-tf Raleigh, N. C.

MISCELLANEOUS

Chatham Railroad Company,

RALEIGH, June 23d, 1868.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Stockholders of the CHATHAM RAILROAD COMPANY will be held at the Office of the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad, in the City of Raleigh, on Monday, July 20, 1868.

W. W. VASS,

June 23-td Treas. and Secy.

DIVIDEND.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS of the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad have declared a dividend of THREE PER CENT. on the Capital Stock of the Company, payable at the Office of the Company, on and after July 16, 1868.

W. W. VASS, Treas'r.

June 27-tJuly31

LAW SCHOOL.

THE NEXT SESSION of the LAW SCHOOL, at Chapel Hill, will commence on the 15th of this month.

Instruction with reference to the new order of things will be attended to.

July 8-2w* WM. H. BATTLE.

MANUFACTURER OF

GOLD AND SILVER WARE

KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND

Gold and Silver Watches, Clocks, Fine Cutlery, Table Ware, Fine Jewelry, Spectacles,

and all articles usually found in a first-class establishment.

Call and see.

June 1-3m

COLGATE & CO'S GERMAN ERASIVE SOAP,

THE STANDARD OF EXCELLENCE.

For Sale by all Grocers.

Jan. 22—3m

I. O. O. F.

THE NEXT ANNUAL MEETING of the R. W. Grand Lodge, of Independent Order Odd Fellows, of the State of North Carolina, will be held in the Hall of Concordia Lodge, No. 11, in the town of Beaufort, on Tuesday, the 21st day of July inst.

A full representation of the Lodges in the State is especially desired.

J. W. GULICK,

July 10-td Gran'd Secretary.

TOBACCO AGENCY.

We have received Agencies for the sale of MANUFACTURED and SMOKING TOBACCO, of all brands.

Orders for any quantity will be promptly filled.

Parties having any for sale would do well to ship us, as ready sales can be made.

COWAND & HARRISS,
Commission Merchants,

April 21-3m Norfolk, Va.

LOUISBURG MALE ACADEMY,

FRANKLIN COUNTY, N. C.

THE FALL SESSION of this Institution will begin on the second Monday in July, 1868.

TERMS PER SESSION OF 21 WEEKS:

Board with the Principals, (washing, lights and towels not included,)	$70 00
Tuition in Primary Department,	15 00
" " Regular English Course,	20 00
Latin, Greek and French, each, extra,	5 00

Board must be paid quarterly in advance. All accounts for Tuition are due at the close of the session, and will be promptly presented for payment.

Circulars sent on application.

M. S. DAVIS, A. M. }
W. J. KING, A. M. } *Principals.*

June 19-4w

THE SENTINEL.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

SATURDAY, JULY 18, 1868.

STATE DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION.

The Democratic and Conservative members of the Legislature have determined to call a Convention of the Democratic and Conservative citizens of the State, to meet in Raleigh, on THURSDAY, THE 13TH. DAY OF AUGUST, 1868, to organize for the approaching Presidential campaign; and the undersigned have been appointed a Committee to urge the Democratic and Conservative citizens of the State to hold primary meetings, at once, in their respective counties, and appoint delegates to this Convention. It is hoped that every county in the State will be fully represented by delegates or by proxy.

The National Democratic Convention have recently nominated candidates for the high offices of President and Vice President of the United States, and placed them upon a platform of principles, which commends the selections there made to the support of every good and patriotic citizen.

The struggle is between Liberty and Despotism! Let every good man come to the rescue!

W. L. LOVE,
W. M. ROBBINS,
T. M. ARGO,
T. J. JARVIS,
P. DURHAM.

July 15, 1868.

SENTINEL FOR THE CAMPAIGN.

We suppose that the Presidential Campaign will commence actively about the 1st. of August. We propose to send the *Sentinel* to subscribers or clubs, at the following rates, commencing 1st. of August and extending to 15th. of November:

Daily for that period	3½ mos.	$2.00
Semi-Weekly "	3½ mos.	1.00
Weekly "	3½ mos:	
For individual subscribers		50.
" Clubs of five and upwards		40.

The *Sentinel* shall not be excelled in efficiency by any other Campaign paper in the country.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—We invite attention to the Card of Rev. T. M. Jones, President of Louisburg Female College. We regret that any report prejudicial to that excellent Institution should have got into circulation. Its exercises, according to announcement, will be resumed on the 13th. prox., and, we are pleased to believe, with the most flattering prospects. Will our cotemporaries, with whom Mr. Jones advertises, give him the benefit of this announcement?

Messrs. H. L. & J. H. Myrover, Proprietors of the Fayetteville *News*, it will be seen, offer that establishment for sale. We refer to their advertisement, with the simple remark, that they correctly set forth the inducements offered. A good opportunity for investment is presented.

J. Bowen Rogers, Commissioner, will sell valuable real estate, belonging to the estate of the late Sion Rogers, at the Court House door, on the 29th. prox.

FRIENDS OF TEMPERANCE.—Thursday, being the First Anniversary of "Oak City Council," both of our City Councils, "Oak City" and "Crescent," assembled at the Crescent Hall, at 8 o'clock, in full regalia, and proceeded thence, in line of procession, to the Methodist Sabbath School Academy.

The exercises were opened by both Councils singing several odes, and prayer by the Rev. H. T. Hudson.

Interesting speeches were made by Messrs. T. H. Hill, D. Whitaker, Jno. R. Harrison and Rev. H. T. Hudson; after which the Councils sang the closing ode and returned to Crescent Hall.

The affair was a pleasant one, and everybody present seemed highly gratified.

RALEIGH AND GASTON RAILROAD.—Minutes of the late meeting of the Stockholders will appear on Monday.

As we stated, on yesterday, the old Board of Directors were re-elected, viz: Dr. W. J. Hawkins, and Messrs. Geo. W. Mordecai, S. S. Royster, J. B. Batchelor, Geo. Little, C. H. K. Taylor and Gen. J. B. Littlejohn.

The old Committee of Finance and Inspection, viz: T. B. Venable, Esq., A. M. McPheeters, Esq., and Hon. D. M. Barringer, were re-appointed.

At a subsequent meeting of the Board of Directors, Dr. W. J. Hawkins was unanimously re-elected President, Capt. A. B. Andrews, Superintendent, and W. W. Vass, Esq., Treasurer.

BLACKBERRY WINE.—We are indebted to Messrs. Jones & Moore for a bottle of Blackberry Wine, manufactured by Messrs. Randleman, Cooke & Co., Haw River. It is of very superior quality, and will be found not only a palatable, but healthy, beverage, this hot weather. Messrs. Jones & Moore have a large consignment on hand.

LOST.—A bunch of keys was picked up on the streets on yesterday. It has been left at this office, where the owner can obtain it on application.

DEMOREST'S MONTHLY.—This popular parlor Magazine has won for its It an enviable place in the esteem of American ladies. Its usefulness, the amount furnished for the money, is only equalled by its variety, its high tone, and general literary excellence. In all these respects it is far in advance of its cotemporaries, and thoroughly deserves the high favor it has won. It is marvelous that premiums of real and great value can be added to a magazine of such cost and character, for three dollars per year. It only proves what is so often said, that books and newspapers are the cheapest and best educators in the world. Address, W. Jennings Demorest, 478 Broadway, N. Y.

WILMINGTON.—The Municipal election in Wilmington, according to an ordinance of the late Convention, came off on Thursday. The white Radicals and the great mass of negroes abstained from voting,—professing to regard the election as illegal, in view of the fact that no registration had been had. The vote was slim—only 631 having been polled: of which number W. W. Harriss, Esq., received 426 and W. B. Flanner 205. A full *white* Board of Aldermen were chosen.

GREELEY NETTLED.

Gov. Vance, while in attendance upon the National Democratic Convention in New York, addressed the people on several occasions. The *Tribune* of last Saturday says:

Ex-Gov. Vance, of North Carolina, in his Union Square speech, thus grossly misrepresented the Republicans:

"To every Southern river shall negro suffrage come;
But not *to fair New England*, for that's too close to hum."

[Great laughter and applause.] They preferred negro suffrage at long range. If they could have the negro to vote in South Carolina, all well; but in Michigan, New York, and the other Northern and Western States, they declined to grant him the favor."

At this the *Tribune* takes fire, and charges the Governor with falsehood, in intimating that negro suffrage was not welcome in New England, "when it is allowed in all the New England States, except Connecticut."

Gov. Vance knew that a few, very few negroes in New England were allowed to vote, but he knew, at the same time, that those States afforded no test of the right or expediency or propriety of negro suffrage.—The negro population is so inconsiderable, that voting gives them no advantage whatever, is no protection to them, and is attended with no disadvantages whatever to the white population. The entire negro and colored population of the North does not exert one tenth of the political power that the blacks hold in the Wilmington or Newbern districts in this State. Negro suffrage in the North can work no detriment to the white people, but in the South it may be utterly ruinous.

PRIMARY MEETINGS.

It is of the first importance that primary meetings should be held by the friends of SEYMOUR AND BLAIR in every neighborhood and county in the State, to ratify the nominations and prepare for thorough organization.

The county meetings should be held at once and delegates appointed to attend the State Convention on the 13th. of August. Besides these, delegates should be appointed to attend a District Convention in each Congressional District, to nominate Presidential Electors for each District, and also candidates for the 41st. U. S. Congress.

We suggest that, to avoid all possible difficulty or subterfuge, on the part of the party in power, undoubted Conservatives and Democrats must be put on the Electoral ticket, who are *not disfranchised*. Also, we must run men for Congress, who are not under disabilities, and, if possible, who can take the test-oath.

We *must* carry North Carolina for Seymour and Blair, and by all means elect a Conservative Congressional Delegation.—Let it be done!

REMOVAL OF DISABILITIES.—There is no truth which can be more easily established, than that, in point of fact, the Radicals of the present General Assembly are far more offensive in their record during the late war, for which disabilities were fixed upon them by the Congress, than the Conservatives.—Three-fourths, or more, of the white, old, genuine, *Union* men in the State, are acting with the Conservatives. Most of the Radicals, we mean the native scallawags, are either tainted with recession, or were deserters, many of them buffaloes and thieves, or are low-down seekers of office. If there is any class of Radicals more contemptible than others, and who really deserve to be most snubbed, it is that class of them, who *had* claims to respectability, but who now are ready to be recognized by the vile and the depraved, only for the sake of getting or holding on to office. We expect to speak of such men as they deserve, without fear, favor or affection.

Among this class, associated with the carpet baggers, are to be found the men who most strongly oppose the removal of the disabilities of Conservatives. Even some of the negroes are less vindictive than such men. And we are glad to name among them such respectable men as Wm. Cawthorn, of Warren, and Leary, of Cumberland. Indeed, Leary is one of the most intelligent, respectable and honorable men in the Radical party in the House. Our surprise is that really respectable men of color, who are intelligent and have the confidence of the community, will affiliate with such white scallawags and carpet-baggers as *control* the party.

For the Sentinel.

TRENTON, N. C.,
July 13th., 1868.

Editors Sentinel: In looking over the Jones County Tax Books, I find the name of D. D. Colgrove, Senator from this District, among the delinquents who failed to list taxables—not only failed, but actually refused to list, when called upon by the gentlemanly officer, who was appointed to take the list in Mr. Colgrove's District.

I hope the people will bear in mind that Mr. Colgrove was a member of the so called Constitutional Convention, which passed a Bill imposing a tax of one twentieth of one per cent. on personal property. This Bill Colgrove voted for, to pay the expenses of the Convention, but refused, after voting for the Bill, to list the said one twentieth of one per cent.

What can such a Senator as this care for taxes, let them be as high as they may?—He don't list nor pay them.

I also find in four districts in Jones County ninety negroes returned delinquents.

N.

AN ACT IN RELATION TO MARRIAGE LICENSE.

SECTION 1. The General Assembly of North Carolina do enact, That the duty of issuing Marriage License in each County respectively, and fees allowed by law for the performance of said duty, shall appertain to the Register of Deeds.

SEC. 2. That the Register of Deeds shall be liable to the same penalties for failure or refusal to issue said License to persons properly applying therefor, as have heretofore attached to the County Court Clerk for similar default.

SEC. 3. That Magistrates and Ministers of the Gospel who solemnize any marriage shall make their return of the License and Certificate to the Register of Deeds, who shall file and record the same in the manner heretofore required to be done by the County Court Clerk.

SEC. 4. That until the qualification of the Register of Deeds, in each county, the late Clerk of the County Court thereof shall continue to issue Marriage Licenses as heretofore, only signing himself as "Late Clerk" of the County Court.

SEC. 5. That this Act be in force from and after its ratification.

STATE NEWS.

The Wilmington *Journal* cordially endorses the call for the Democratic State Convention.

We mentioned, a day or two since, that the man "who writes himself Governor of North Carolina" had usurped the authority to appoint a Mayor and Commissioners for Charlotte. The new "appointees" have declined to swear in, for the present, and one of them refuses to serve altogether, as, (he says,) in addition to other good reasons, he is not a *resident of Charlotte!*

The Charlotte *Times* expresses the gratitude of the people of Mecklenburg to the Hon. Nathaniel Boyden, for his successful efforts in procuring the removal of the disabilities of Judge Osborne, Mr. Grier and the county officers elect. It says:

"The Hon. N. Boyden, the member of Congress from this district, deserves great credit for accomplishing this much. Mr. Boyden's age, experience, ability, and high character, give him influence—and ought—even with the Radicals;—and we have reason to congratulate the district on having him as their representative. The people of Mecklenburg will always remember his exertions in their behalf."

A Raleigh correspondent of the Petersburg *Express* says that "Gov." Holden is taking private *dancing lessons!* "Nero fiddling," &c.

A Mass Meeting, to ratify the National Democratic nominations, is to be held at Rutherfordton, on the 27th. inst.

THE UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA.

There is food for serious reflection in the following suggestion which we find in the Petersburg *Express*. As we observed, some days since, we have ceased to feel any interest in the University, under the existing regime, and we think that the idea of the *Express* is a capital one. We will allude to the subject hereafter.

"THE UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA IS BURIED FOREVER! It will re-open again, but no son of the "Old North State" will darken its walls. Massachusetts will furnish its teachers and Africa its scholars. Its glory has departed. The old halls of the "Phi" and "Di's" will echo henceforth to strange foot-falls.

North Carolina's duty is plain. Her sons must be educated. Let her at once inaugurate measures to found a University, independent of all State connections, which shall be an ornament to the people from whose loins sprang such giant spirits as Gaston, and Macon, and Badger. This will ultimately become a necessity in every Southern State. Let North Carolina inaugurate the movement. Although starvation stare her people in the face, ignorance will prove a still more terrible infliction. After all, the tax would not be so heavy, if a general movement of the people in that direction could be made. The cathedral at Cologne, costly as it was, was built by ten cent subscriptions. Let it be a movement of the PEOPLE. The admirable report made by Kemp P. Battle, Esq., to the Trustees of the old University, furnishes a plan which, if carried out, will bring immortal honors to its founders. What say the people of North Carolina?"

THE RECEPTION OF GOV. SEYMOUR AT HIS HOME.—The New York *World* has a detailed account of the hearty reception of Gov. Seymour on his arrival home at Utica, on Monday. We make the following extracts:

"On his arrival at the railroad depot he was escorted to a platform festooned with flags, by the Utica Band. A collection of over one hundred young girls from the Christian Brothers' school and from the Sisters of Charity Orphan Asylum formed an aisle for him as he passed. The children (Catholics) have occasionally been invited to the Governor's grounds for a pic-nic, and expressed the greatest desire to be present to welcome him. The chimes of St. Joseph's Church were rung, and the bell of Trinity Church, (Protestant Episcopal,) of which the Governor is a warden, as well as the bells of the factories, were rung, and mingled their noise with the salutes of cannon. Upon appearing on the platform, Governor Seymour was received with immense cheering. He was then addressed, on behalf of his fellow-citizens, by Hon. Hiram Denio, late chief justice of the State. Judge Denio spoke as follows:

"Governor Seymour: A number of your townsmen and fellow citizens casually assembled here, tender you a hearty welcome to your home. Our meeting to-day is especially interesting on account of the events of the last week. These have placed you in a peculiar position before the country. (Cheers.) As a candidate for the highest position in the nation, your name is made a rallying point of that large portion of our people who, with me, attribute the difficulties and dangers of our political and financial situation—which cannot well be exaggerated—to the unwise proceedings, amounting to infatuation, of the existing legislative branch of our national government. We are gratified that the choice of the convention has fallen upon you, and we anticipate with confidence that their nomination will be ratified by the people."—(Great cheering.)

Amid tremendous cheering Gov. Seymour responded as follows:

"I have been very grateful for the marks of good-will which I have received from the representatives of the Democratic party of all the States in this Union, but this exhibition of kindness and partiality from my own townsmen impresses itself upon my heart most deeply of all. (Cheers.) During the whole course of my life I have received from them, without distinction of party, proofs of good will that I shall ever cherish with gratitude during the remainder of my existence. [Cheers.] I am now suffering from a violent inflammation in my throat, which, my physician advises me, makes it dangerous to speak in the open air; but at the risk of my life I must thank you for this striking and gratifying proof of your good-will and partiality towards me."—(Loud cheering.)

Gov. Seymour then rode to his pleasant farm house in Deerfield, where the people manifested their pride and satisfaction in their neighbor by firing cannon, and by their demonstrations of enthusiasm."

ELECTIONS TO COME OFF.—Prior to the Presidential election, State elections will be held in eleven States, as follows: In Kentucky on the 3d of August; in Tennessee on the 6th; in Vermont on the 1st of September; in California on the 2d; in Maine on the 14th; in Nebraska on the 6th of October; in Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana, Iowa, on the 13th, and in West Virginia on the 22d.

The third of November, the day of the Presidential election, is also the day for holding State elections in Massachusetts, New York, New Jersey, Delaware, Maryland, Illinois, Michigan, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Missouri, Kansas, and Nevada.

Sunstroke may be successfully treated by placing the person affected in a cool room, rubbing the body with ice, and keeping ice in the arm pits.

TELEGRAPHIC.

Our Afternoon Dispatches.

CONGRESS.

WASHINGTON, July 17, M.

In the Senate, last night, Senator Hendricks endeavored to recall the bill from the House, which removes political disabilities from Radical members of the Georgia Legislature. He spoke very bitterly of such partisan legislation.

CONFEDERATE DEAD.

SANDUSKY, July 17, M.

The War Department has ordered two hundred bodies of Confederate officers, who died at Johnson's Island, to the Catholic Cemetery here.

The removal commences on Monday, under the direction of the Government Agent.

MARKETS.

NEW YORK, July 17, M.

Cotton steadier at 31½@32.

Turpentine 42½@43.

Gold 1.43½. North Carolina, ex coupons, 72½; new 72½. Virginia, new, 53. Tennessee, ex coupon, 68½; new 68½.

Our Midnight Dispatches.

CONGRESS.

WASHINGTON, July 17, P. M.

HOUSE.—Prior orders of the House deferred in favor of the funding bill, by a vote of 59 to 58.

Dawes presented the credentials of Kellogg, Pierce and Brinkley, claiming seats as representatives from Alabama, and asked their reference the Committee on Elections.

Mr. Brooks inquired whether it would not be proper for the Committee to enquire whether these gentlemen were elected at a one-sided election.

Dawes said that the Committee would enquire faithfully as to any matter committed to them.

Cullom, of Illinois, asked if there was any law to prevent electors from all voting on one side, if they desired to do so.

Mr. Brooks replied that he knew of none, but there was a law of Congress prescribing how th se elections should be held, and the people of Alabama had not held their election in conformity to that law.

The credentials were referred to the Committee on Elections.

The funding bill was resumed. Mr. Stevens favored the paying of Bonds in greenbacks. A wild discussion ensued.

Without definite action, the bill was postponed.

The credentials of the Louisiana Representatives were referred to the Election Committee.

After agreeing to consider the funding bill, tonight, the House took recess.

SENATE.—Jos. C. Abbott and Jno. Pool, Senators from North Carolina, and Jno. S. Harris and William Pitt Kellogg, from Louisiana, were seated.

A bill authorizing a temporary three per cent loan, in liquidation of compound interest notes, passed.

A new Conference Committee was appointed on executive appointments—the House having d sagreed to the report of the former Committee.

Louisiana ratification of the 14th amendment was read.

The Senate proceeded to consider the appropriation bills, and then went into executive session, and adjourned.

FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, July 17, P. M.

Hon. Wm. Orton has been re-elected President of the Western Union Telegraph Company.

The indications are that the funding bill will fail this Session.

The Senate is indisposed to agree with the House in the amendment to the Alaska appropriation, whereby the House becomes a party to treaty-making. It is expected that the House will recede.

Full cabinet to-day. Meeting lasted three hours.

The third party movement is dead.

The Senate rejected Francis Price as Consul General at Havana.

Both Houses met to-night.

Israel G. Lash, member of Congress from North Carolina, is missing. His mad has been coming here for some time, but nothing has been heard of him.

FROM SOUTH CAROLINA—THE LEGISLATURE.

COLUMBIA, July 17, P. M.

In the Senate, a bill providing homesteads was passed.

An attempt was made to reduce the official bond of the Treasurer, to enable him to fill the office,—the bond already given being declared insufficient.

The House had a long discussion over contested seats of the Democrats. The probability is that several will be ousted.

MARKETS.

NEW YORK, July 17, P. M.

Cotton a shade firmer, but less active. Sales of 900 bales at 31½@32.

Flour dull and declining, but prices unchanged.

Gold strong at 1.43½.

WILMINGTON, July 17, P. M.

Spirits Turpentine active at 40. Rosin firm. No. 2, 2.25; No. 1, 3; Pale 3.50. Tar firm at 2.35.

SWEET SPRINGS,
MONROE COUNTY, WEST VIRGINIA,

WILL BE OPENED for the reception of visitors JUNE 20th. and, as heretofore, will be kept as a strictly first-class hotel. Passengers from the South will take Tenn. & Va. R. R. to Bonsak's Station, where first-class coaches will be in readiness to convey them to the Springs.

☞ Board $3 per day. june 12-tAug5

Wheat Thresher and Carrier.

JUST RECEIVED, another of SINCLAIR'S celebrated open-wrought, 25 inch cylinder, which will be sold with or without the Straw Carrier. Apply at once, to save expenses of transportation from Baltimore.

July 16-tf JAMES M. TOWLES.

Lime, Lime,

EXPECTED DAILY, 50 bbls. fresh LOCKPORT LIME, which will be sold low at Depot.

July 16-1w JAS M. TOWLES.
Commission Merchant.

Cotton Yarns.

IN STORE, TWO BALES COTTON YARNS, No. 10, on sale.

July 16-1w JAS M. TOWLES.
Commission Merchant.

Edgeworth Female Seminary.

THIS INSTITUTION WILL BE re-opened on the first Monday of September, with a full corps of Teachers.

The *entire* expense of Tuition, with Board, Washing and contingent fee, for a session of 20 weeks, will be, according to the class either $105 or $110, or $115, if paid in advance, or $110.50 or $124.50, or $126.50, if paid half in advance.

Moderate extra charges will be made for ANCIENT and MODERN LANGUAGES, MUSIC, FRENCH, DRAWING and OIL PAINTING.

For Circulars, address

July 10-eod1m J. M. M. CALDWELL,
Greensboro', N. C.

R. H. GRAVES' SCHOOL,
WILLIAMSBORO', N. C.

COURSE OF STUDIES: Ancient Languages and English Branches, including if desired, the higher Mathematics and Book-keeping.

TERMS:—For Tuition and Board, per session of 20 weeks, one hundred and thirty dollars in advance. Each Pupil providing for himself, one pair of Sheets, one pair of Pillow-cases, washing and lights.

The Fall Session of 1868 opens on Monday, 13th of July.

June 26-swlm

Thirty Days Notice.

APPLICATION will be made to the next General Assembly of the State, for an Act incorporating the NORTH CAROLINA LIFE ASSURANCE, ANNUITY AND TRUST COMPANY.

June 13-1awlm

Greensboro' Money Market.

BUYING RATES OF BANK NOTES, &c., BY WILSON & SHOBER, BANKERS AND EXCHANGE BROKERS, SOUTH ELM STREET, GREENSBORO, N. C.

Bank of N. C.	60
" Cape Fear	30
" Charlotte	30
" Wadesboro	27
" Wilmington	30
" Roxboro	60
" Thomasville	30
" Graham	25
" Lexington (old)	15
" " (new)	10
" Commerce	18
" Clarendon	4
" Fayetteville	10
" Washington	3
" Yanceyville	3
Merchants' Bank of Newbern	60
Farmers' Bank of Greensboro', (old)	30
" " (new)	12
Miners'and Planters' Bank	40
Commercial Bank of Wilmington	27
Greensboro Mutual Ins. Co., (old)	6
Virginia Bank Notes average about	28
South Carolina "	15
Georgia "	25
N. C. Railroad Stock	15

We buy and sell at liberal prices, Gold and Silver, North Carolina Bonds, United States Bonds and all other marketable stocks.

Orders for Bank notes by debtors and Stockholders of Banks will receive prompt attention.

Returns for express packages of Bank notes &c., will be made on the day received, by check on New York or Baltimore, or in currency, as desired.

Life and Fire Insurance Policies issued in good Companies, at best rates.

Oct. 26-295-3m

RALEIGH NATIONAL BANK
OF NORTH CAROLINA.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

R. W. PULLIAM, President.

W. H. WILLARD, GEO. W. SWEPSON,
A. S. MERRIMON, W. J. HAWKINS.

C. DEWEY, Cashier.
J. C. BLAKE, Teller.

Deals in Bills of Exchange Sight Drafts, Gold and Silver Coin, and Government and other securities.

Uncurrent Bank Notes bought at highest prices. Packages sent by Express will be remitted for promptly, in currency, or in New York funds at par.

Bank of Cape Fear	30
" Charlotte	30
" Clarendon	4
" Commerce	17
" Fayetteville	10
" Lexington, (old,)	12
" " (new)	9
" Lexington, payable at Graham	22
" North Carolina	55
" Roxboro'	60
" Thomasville	60
" Wadesboro'	27
" Washington	3
" Yanceyville	24
" Wilmington	30
Commercial Bank, Wilmington	27
Farmer's Bank of North Carolina, (old,)	27
" " " (new,)	10
Greensboro' Mutual Insurance Co.,	6
Merchant's Bank, Newbern,	60
Miner's & Planter's Bank,	40

May 26-135-tf

Raleigh Money Market.

CORRECTED BY JOHN G. WILLIAMS & CO., BROKERS, RALEIGH, N. C.

PRICES OF NORTH CAROLINA BANK NOTES:

Bank of N. C., (Gold 25) (Silver 26)	G. B. 55
" Cape Fear	30
" Charlotte	30
" Lexington, at Graham, new 10, old	16
" Roxborough	60
" Wadesborough	27
" Thomasville	30
" Wilmington	30
" Commerce	16
" Washington	3
" Fayetteville	10
" Clarendon	4
" Yanceyville	3
Miners' and Planters' Bank	40
Farmers' Bank, Greensborough, new 10, old	29
Commercial Bank, Wilmington	27
Merchant's Bank, Newbern	60
Greensborough Mutual	6
Virginia Bank Notes, about	25
South Carolina "	22
Georgia "	23
Gold	138
Silver	133
Old Coupons	62
North Carolina Railroad Coupons	87½
Old Sixes	72
Exchange on New York	¼
R. & G. Railroad Stock	40

PROVISION MARKET.

CORRECTED BY JORDAN WOMBLE, GROCER AND COMMISSION MERCHANT.

BACON	17@25
" BALT. & WESTERN	17@20
BEEF ON HOOF	8@10
" NETT	10@20
BUTTER	25@30
COTTON	25@26
CHICKENS, Spring	15@25
" Grown	25@30
CORN	1 40@1 50
COFFEE	22½@40
EGGS	06@20
FLOUR	10@16
FODDER	1 50@1 75
HERRINGS	4@6@10
HIDES—Green	8c pr lb.
" Dry	15@17
HAY	1@1.25 pr. cwt.
LARD	22@25
MEAL	1 40@1 60
MOLASSES	55@65
NAILS	7½@10
PEAS—Stock	2 00@2 25
" White	2 50@3 00
POTATOES—Irish	1 50@2 50
" Sweet	1 00@1.50
RAGS	4@6½
SALT—Fine	4 00@4 25
" Ground	3 00@3 50
SUGAR	13@22
TALLOW	10@12½
VINEGAR	35@75

REMARKS.

Cotton—None offering. Last sales 25@26.

R. H. COWAN & CO.,
General Commission and Shipping Merchants,
AND
WHOLESALE GROCERS.

Agents for M. Davis & Son's (Liberty Va.) celebrated Virginia Chewing Tobacco.
Agents for Lister Bro's Superphosphate of Lime.
Agents for Vulcan Iron Works, Richmond, Va.

R. H. COWAN,
JNO. W. CAMERON,
JAS. H. BILL,
} Wilmington, N. C., No. 32 North Water St.

June 26, 1868-1y

Select Boarding and Day School,
HILLSBORO', N. C.

THE MISSES NASH AND MISS KOLLOCK, PRINCIPALS.

THE FALL TERM OF 1868 opens July 24th and closes Dec 19th.

Circulars furnished on application.

July 4-3awlm

CUT HERRINGS.

I HAVE SIXTY BBLS. ALBEMARLE CUT HERRINGS, to sell at $8, in lots of 10 bbls. or more, or $8,50 in smaller lots to close.

ALEX MITCHELL.
Newbern, July 15-6t

RALEIGH
SASH, BLIND AND DOOR FACTORY.

All orders promptly attended to.

THOS. H. BRIGGS,
July 10-tf Proprietor.

Smut Machines.

TWO OF McMANNEN'S celebrated SMUT MACHINES, for sale very cheap.

W. H. JONES & CO.
July 16-tf Aust'rs & Com. Merch't's.

Soap, Soap.

20 BOXES LAUNDRY SOAP.

N. C. and Va. make.

W. H. JONES & CO.
July 14-tf. Aust'rs and Com. Merchants.

ÆTNA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF HARTFORD, CONN.

ASSETS, $9,000,000.

No. POLICIES 52,700.

DIVISIBLE SURPLUS $1,884,768,51.

DIVIDENDS, 50 per cent.

In these days of competition between Life Insurance Companies much is said by rival Agents, each claiming the Company he represents to be the best. Without saying anything in disparagement of any Company, or, by simple assertion, anything in its favor, the ÆTNA begs leave to refer to the annexed table, compiled from the official and sworn statements of twenty of the largest Companies in America, made to the Insurance Commissioners of the State of New York. The table shows the ratio of expense to each $100 received by each Company, for the three years ending January 1, 1868.

It will be seen that the expenses of the Ætna are much lower than any other Company; and, after the average is struck, the Ætna, in 1865, saved $10.41 out of each $100 received—more than the average; in 1866, $7.17, and in 1867, $4.90. The receipts of the Ætna were, in 1865, $1,655,309; in 1866, $3,522,376, and in 1867, $5,122,447. Consequently, its savings in the three years were $677,919-39, to which add 7 per cent. interest to July 1, 1868: $120,287.64, making a grand total of $797,207 03 saved over the average of all other Companies.

This is the measure of success, as applied by the Hon Elizur Wright, the greatest of American actuaries, to all Companies, and simply means that the Company whose RATIO of expense to its income is the least, is the best able to pay large dividends to its policy holders. That the Ætna is THAT Company, these comparisons of official statements plainly show.

Official Statement showing the Expenses and Losses by the Twenty Largest Insurance Companies in America.

[FROM THE NEW YORK SUPERINTENDENT'S REPORT.]

NAMES.	Expenses and Claims paid out of each $100 of Income. 1865.	1866.	1867.	3 Years Average.
Connecticut Mutual	$ 33 87	$ 25 38	$ 28 90	$ 29 28
Charter Oak	32 62	29 26	28 20	30 02
Equitable	37 16	30 98	26 31	31 48
Globe Mutual	33 18	35 67	32 92	33 92
Germania	49 23	47 38	41 12	45 91
Guardian Mutual	40 07	31 20	36 50	35 92
Home	35 98	37 41	34 85	36 08
Knickerbocker	42 05	42 58	35 87	40 16
Mutual Life	28 84	30 03	22 76	30 54
Mutual Benefit	31 33	32 62	27 29	30 44
Manhattan	34 80	31 50	33 23	33 18
Mass. Mutual	38 14	33 44	36 40	35 99
New England Mutual	40 31	30 85	29 44	33 53
New York Life	37 09	28 26	29 48	31 61
North American	32 01	23 49	24 71	26 73
Phœnix Mutual	37 06	30 97	29 30	30 44
Security	37 14	36 30	33 70	35 71
Union Mutual	32 06	29 98	26 96	29 66
Washington	42 20	49 40	41 77	44 45
Average of 19 Companies	37 11	33 51	31 56	33 96
The "ÆTNA"	26 70	26 32	26 66	26 56
Difference	10 41	7 19	4 90	7 04

The ÆTNA income for 1865 was	$1,655,309, on which $10 41 per 100,	SAVED $172,317 66
" " " " 1866 "	$3,522,376, " 7 19 " "	253,356 83
" " " " 1867 "	$5,122,447 " 4 90 " "	251,342 90
To which add 7 per cent. compound interest to July 1, 1868		120,286 64
Giving a Total Saved by the Ætna in 3 years of		$ 797,307 03

In proof of these statements, the official reports can be seen, by all who wish, at the

Raleigh Branch Office,
W. H. CROW, Manager.

June 1-tf

PHŒNIX MUTUAL
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

EDSON FESSENDEN, President. | JAMES F. BURNS, Secretary.

IN PRESENTING THE CLAIMS OF THE PHŒNIX MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, to the people of North Carolina, the Agent invites their attention to the following statements:

1. It is a Mutual Company, the profits being divided among the insured.
2. Its insured are allowed to travel and reside in any part of the United States and Europe, at all seasons of the year.
3. Its dividends have averaged 50 per cent yearly, and are payable on the amount of premium paid by the insured.
4. Its policies are all NON-FORFEITING.
5. Its losses have been met by the annual interest received alone, and a surplus of interest left over to swell the general fund belonging to the insured.
6. It has paid over $500,000 of losses, and NEVER CONTESTED A CLAIM.
7. Its rates of assurance are as cheap as any Company doing a SAFE business.
8. It will NOT INSURE AN UNSOUND LIFE.
9. One half the premium will be received in the note of the insured—which note, in case of death, is NEVER deducted from the face of the policy.
10. It has NO CONNECTION WITH FIRE INSURANCE.

Relative character of the Companies operating in North Carolina, as to their Assets and Liabilities, taken from the New York Insurance Report for the year 1867, which is the last report—showing how much of Assets each Company has to meet each dollar of Liability:

PHŒNIX MUTUAL	$1 73
ÆTNA	1 36
BROOKLYN	1 42
CONNECTICUT MUTUAL	1 65
EQUITABLE	1 34
MANHATTAN	1 42

The PHŒNIX MUTUAL offers peculiar inducements to citizens of the Southern States—its regulations with regard to residence and travel being almost unrestricted.

These statements are made from impartial reports in the hands of the Agents of the Company.

Principal Office, HARTFORD, CONN.

For further information, apply to the Travelling Agents, or to

WILLIAM H. BAGLEY,
General Agent for North Carolina,
Jan. 1—124-3m Raleigh, N. C.

BROOKLYN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

ISSUES POLICIES OF ALL KINDS. LIFE AND ENDOWMENT. DIVIDENDS PAID ANNUALLY IN CASH.

ABSOLUTELY NO RESTRICTION UPON TRAVEL OR RESIDENCE

ALL POLICIES POSITIVELY NON-FORFEITABLE.

☞ Part of the premium loaned, and *no loan or premium note is a lien or claim* on the policy in case of death after the second year. ☜

THIS COMPANY OFFERS PECULIAR ADVANTAGES TO THE SOUTHERN PEOPLE BY its recent

LIBERAL COMPANY IN THE UNITED STATES.

Its rates being lower than those of other Companies.

Office, No. 141 Broadway, New York City.

WM. H. COLE, Secretary. | CHRISTIAN W. BOUCK, Pres.

Information gladly furnished in detail, by

A. W. LAWRENCE,
General Agent for the State of North Carolina.

Raleigh, N. C., March 26—1868-3m

The Daily Sentinel.

SATURDAY, JULY 18, 1868.

JULY, 1868.

ANDREWS,

THE CLOTHIER.

(Opposite Tucker Hall.)

SPECIAL OPENING.

Elegant Dress Suits, Latest Style;
Plain and Fancy Cassimere Suits;
White Duck Linen Suits;
Boys' Brown Linen Suits;
Youths' Cassimere Suits;
Fine Dress Shirts;
Gauze Merino Under Shirts;
Linen Drawers;
Jean Drawers;
Cravats and Suspenders;

Together with every article usually kept in a gentleman's first class FURNISHING ESTABLISHMENT.

☞ *The prices to suit the times.*

July 2-tf

Prime Mess Pork.

JUST RECEIVED, another consignment of PRIME MESS PORK, which will be sold at a reduced price.

JAS. M. TOWLES,
July 11—1w Commission Merchant.

Eggs, Eggs, Eggs.

50 DOZ. FRESH EGGS.
For sale at 15c. per dozen, by
July 11-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

IRISH POTATOES!!
For sale by
July 11-tf DOUGLAS BELL,

Goldsboro' Female College.

THE FALL SESSION will open on the 1st Monday in August, and continue twenty weeks.

BOARD AND TUITION, exclusive of washing and lights, $95.00. Address

E. W. ADAMS, President.
July 11—1aw4sept.1 Goldsboro'.

JOHN G. WILLIAMS & CO.,

BANKING,

Exchange and Collection Office,
FAYETTEVILLE STREET,
RALEIGH, N. C.
Dealers in Bank Notes, Coin, &c.

Prompt and particular attention given to the collection of Notes, Drafts, &c., in all parts of the country.

Refer to NATIONAL BANK OF THE REPUBLIC, New York.
June 26-1m*

TABLE AND POCKET CUTLERY!
41 Fayetteville Street.

FINE IVORY-HANDLED DINNER AND TEA Knives, Plated Forks, Table and Tea Spoons, Good Knives and Forks for Family use, Rogers and Wostenholm's Congress Knives

J. BROWN,
Raleigh, July 8-tf With Hart & Lewis.

1868. SPRING STOCK. 1868.
BOOTS, SHOES AND TRUNKS,
AT WHOLESALE ONLY!

WE HAVE RECEIVED A LARGE STOCK of
BOOTS AND SHOES,
direct from the Manufacturers, which we will sell as low as goods of the same quality can be bought in New York, Philadelphia or Baltimore.

WYCHE & PARKER,
April 1-tf No. 3 Iron Front, up Stairs, Petersburg.

☞ Those buying for cash shall have the benefit of money.

PHOTOGRAPHS!
GREAT INDUCEMENTS AT
WATSON'S GALLERY.

HAVING A LARGE STOCK OF **PHOTOGRAPH FRAMES** on hand, I have concluded to reduce my stock by selling Frames and Cases, with Pictures complete, for about ONE HALF the usual price, for thirty days.

The stock is new and the finest assortment ever brought to this Market. CALL EARLY.

June 27-tf J. W. WATSON.

[COPY.]

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE COMP. OF THE CURRENCY,
Washington, June 18th, 1868.

WHEREAS, by satisfactory evidence presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that THE STATE NATIONAL BANK OF RALEIGH, in the city of Raleigh, in the county of Wake and State of North Carolina, has been duly organized under and according to the requirements of the Act of Congress entitled "An Act to provide a National Currency, secured by a pledge of United States bonds, and to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof," approved June 3rd, 1864, and has complied with all the provisions of said Act, required to be complied with before commencing the business of Banking, under said Act:

NOW, THEREFORE I, Hiland R. Hulburd, Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that the "State National Bank of Raleigh," in the city of Raleigh, in the county of Wake, and State of North Carolina, is authorized to commence the business of Banking under the Act aforesaid. In testimony whereof, witness my hand and seal of office, this eighteenth day of June, 1868.

HILAND R. HULBURD,
Seal. Comptroller of the Currency.
No. 1,683.

STATE NATIONAL BANK,
RALEIGH, N. C.

DIRECTORS:
JOHN G. WILLIAMS, PRESIDENT.
W. E. ANDERSON, Cashier.
WM. S. MASON, W. W. VASS,
JAS. H. FOOTE.

DEALERS IN EXCHANGE, Sight and Time bills, Gold and Silver Coin and Bullion, Government and State Stocks, Rail Road and other securities.

Uncurrent Bank Notes bought at the counter or remitted for on receipt, by Express, on most favorable terms, by check or in currency.

Deposits received and a general banking business carried on in all its branches.

July 1-tf.

CABBAGE SEED.

Large Late Drumhead.
Large Late Flat Dutch.
Drumhead Savoy, &c., for sale by
JORDAN & CARR,
Petersburg, July 6-tf Druggists.

DR. CHALONER'S CHOLERA MEDICINE cures Cholera, Cholera Morbus, Cramps and Pains in the Stomach and Bowels.

For sale by JORDAN & CARR,
Petersburg, July 6-tf Druggists.

OIL OF BAY LEAVES!

The best article known for beautifying and preserving the HAIR. Prepared and sold by
JORDAN & CARR,
Wholesale and Retail Druggists,
Sycamore, corner Washington St.
July 6-tf Petersburg, Va.

FRESH TURNIP SEED.

Large White Flat Dutch.
Large White Norfolk.
Red Top Strap Leaved and
Purple Top Yellow Ruta Baga.

Just received by
JORDAN & CARR,
Wholesale and Retail Druggists,
July 6-tf Petersburg, Va.

THE NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION:

THE PLATFORM.

"The Democratic party, in national convention assembled, reposing its trust in the intelligence, patriotism, and discriminating justice of the people, standing upon the Constitution as the foundation and limitation of the powers of the Government, and the guaranty of the liberties of the citizen, and recognizing the questions of slavery and secession as having been settled, for all time to come, by the war or the voluntary action of the Southern States in constitutional conventions assembled, and never to be renewed or re-agitated, do, with the return of peace, demand:

First.—Immediate restoration of all the States to their rights in the Union, under the Constitution, and of civil government to the American people.

Second.—Amnesty for all past political offences, and the regulation of the elective franchise in the States by their citizens.

Third.—Payment of the public debt of the United States as rapidly as practicable; all moneys draws from the people by taxation, except so much as is requisite for the necessities of the Government, economically administered, being honestly applied to such payment, and where the obligations of the Government do not expressly state upon their face, or the law under which they were issued does not provide that they shall be paid in coin, they ought, in right and in justice, to be paid in the lawful money of the United States.

Fourth.—Equal taxation of every species of property according to its real value, including Government bonds and other public securities.

Fifth.—One currency for the Government and the people, the laborer and the officeholder, the pensioner and the soldier, the producer and the bondholder.

Sixth.—Economy in the administration of the Government; the reduction of the standing army and navy; the abolition of the Freedmen's Bureau (great cheering) and all political instrumentalities designed to secury negro supremacy; simplification of the system and discontinuance of inquisitorial modes of assessing and collecting internal revenue, so that the burden of taxation may be equalized and lessened, the credit of the Government and the currency made good; the repeal of all enactments for enrolling the State militia into national forces in time of peace; and a tariff for revenue upon foreign imports, and such equal taxation under the internal revenue laws as will afford incidental protection to domestic manufactures, and as will, without impairing the revenue, impose the least burden upon and best promote and encourage the great industrial interests of the country.

Seventh.—Reform of abuses in the Administration, the expulsion of corrupt men from office, the abrogation of useless offices, the restoration of rightful authority to and the independence of the executive and judicial departments of the Government, the subordination of the military to the civil power, to the end that the usurpations of Congress and the despotism of the sword may cease.

Eighth.—Equal rights and protection for naturalized and native born citizens at home and abroad; the assertion of American nationality which shall command the respect of foreign Powers, and furnish an example and encouragement to people struggling for national integrity, constitutional liberty, and individual rights; and the maintenance of the rights of naturalized citizens against the absolute doctrine of immutable allegiance and the claims of foreign Powers to punish them for alleged crime committed beyond their jurisdiction.

In demanding these measures and reforms we arraign the Radical party for its disregard of right, and the unparalleled oppression and tyranny which have marked its career. After the most solemn and unanimous pledge of both Houses of Congress to prosecute the war exclusively for the maintenance of the Government and the preservation of the Union under the Constitution, it has repeatedly violated that most sacred pledge, under which alone was rallied that noble volunteer army which carried our flag to victory.

Instead of restoring the Union, it has, so far as is in its power, dissolved it, and subjected ten States, in time of profound peace, to military despotism and negro supremacy.

It has nullified there the right of trial by jury; it has abolished the *habeas corpus*, that most sacred writ of liberty; it has overthrown the freedom of speech and the press; it has substituted arbitrary seizures and arrests, and military trials and secret star-chamber inquisitions for the constitutional tribunals; it has disregarded in time of peace the right of the people to be free from searches and seizures; it has entered the post and telegraph offices, and even the private rooms of individuals, and seized their private papers and letters without any specific charge or notice of affidavit, as required by the organic law; it has converted the American capitol into a bastile; it has established a system of spies and official espionage to which no constitutional monarchy of Europe would dare to resort; it has abolished the right of appeal on important constitutional questions to the supreme judicial tribunal, and threatens to curtail or destroy its original jurisdiction, which is irrevocably vested by the Constitution, while the learned Chief Justice has been subjected to the most atrocious calumnies merely because he would not prostitute his high office to the support of the false and partisan charges preferred against the President. Its corruption and extravagance have exceeded anything known in history, and by its frauds and monopolies it has nearly doubled the burden of the debt created by the war. It has stripped the President of his constitutional power of appointment even of his own Cabinet. Under its repeated assaults the pillars of the Government are rocking on their base, and should it succeed in November next, and inaugurate its President, we will meet, as a subjected and conquered people, amid the ruins of liberty and the scattered fragments of the Constitution; and we do declare and resolve that ever since the people of the United States threw off all subjection to the British Crown, the privilege and trust of suffrage have belonged to the several States, and have been granted, regulated, and controlled exclusively by the political power of each State respectively, and that any attempt by Congress, on any pretext whatever, to deprive any State of this right, or to intertere with its exercise, is a flagrant usurpation of power which can find no warrant in the Constitution; and if sanctioned by the people will subvert our form of government, and can only end in a single centralized and consolidated Government, in which the separate existence of the States will be entirely absorbed, and an unqualified despotism be established in place of a federal union of co-equal States; and that we regard the reconstruction acts (so-called) of Congress as usurpations, and unconstitutional, revolutionary, and void; that our soldiers and sailors, who carried the flag of our country to victory against a most gallant and determined foe, must ever be gratefully remembered, and all the guarantees given in their favor must be faithfully carried into execution.

That the public lands should be distributed as widely as possible among the people, and should be disposed of either under the pre emption or homestead lands, and sold in reasonable quantities, and to none but actual occupants, at the minimum price established by the Government. When grants of the public lands may be allowed necessary for the encouragement of important public improvements, the proceeds of the sale of such lands, and not the lands themselves, should be so applied.

That the President of the United States, Andrew Johnson, (applause,) in exercising the power of his high office in resisting the aggressions of Congress upon the constitutional rights of the States and the people, is entitled to the gratitude of the whole American people, and in behalf of the Democratic party we tender him our thanks for his patriotic efforts in that regard."

DRY GOODS.

New Spring and Summer Goods for 1868.

CHEAP FOR CASH.

LOOK OUT FOR A CREECH!

JUST RECEIVED, $15,000 worth of new Spring and Summer Goods, which must, at all events, be sold within the next sixty days, if possible—if you want

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

I have a beautiful assortment of the various styles and latest importations. It is a well known fact, and universally admitted, that

CREECH'S IS THE PLACE

to buy your goods. This can be, and is substantiated daily, by hundreds.

If you want Cassimeres, Tweeds, Kentucky Jeans, Cotton and Linen Goods of all descriptions, and

At Low Prices,

suitable for gentlemen, boys and children's wear, CREECH'S is the place to look for them.

Why, you may go up one side of Fayetteville Street and down the other; yes, and then the cross streets, and you will be bound to come to the conclusion that CREECH'S is the place you had better do your trading. If you want

LADIES' BONNETS,

trimmed or untrimmed, CREECH'S is the place to get them. If you wish to purchase any style of

LADIES, MISSES OR CHILDREN'S HATS,

don't buy until you have seen CREECH'S, or you will miss a great bargain, as he has one of the largest and most beautiful assortments in the City. If you are looking for

MEN'S, BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S HATS,

Ladies, Men and Children's Shoes, why if you stop at Creech's you will surely be suited in style, quality and price.

I told the people, some time ago, that there was no House in the City that could or would sell goods cheaper than I, and now I intend to keep my word. I said then what I meant, and now mean what I say. So don't fail to come to CREECH'S, on E. Smith's corner.

A. CREECH.
April 8 Fayetteville Street.

NEW ARRIVALS.

Goods as LOW as they can be found in this latitude,

AT

S. H. & W. J. YOUNG'S,

No. 21 Fayetteville St.,

RALEIGH, N. C.

The Senior of this firm has been selling Goods for the last twenty years, in this market, and can say to our friends that, considering all things, he never had a

BETTER, NICER OR CHEAPER

STOCK OF GOODS

To offer them than they are now opening at their Store, No. 21 Fayetteville street, Raleigh, N. C.

S. H. & W. J. YOUNG.
October 4, 1867—tf.

CLOTHING STORES.

Gentlemen's Furnishing Store.

EVERY ARTICLE necessary to a gentleman's complete outfit can be obtained of

R. B. ANDREWS & CO.,

CLOTHIERS,

OPPOSITE TUCKER HALL,

Raleigh, N. C.

June 4-tf

JUST RECEIVED!

FINE BLACK DRESS SUITS,

FINE BLACK ALPACA SACKS AND FROCKS,

A new lot of very superior

WHITE MARSEILLES VESTS,

Very desirable in warm weather.

At

R. B. ANDREWS & CO'S.,
GENT'S FURNISHING STORE,
Opposite Tucker Hall,
June 4-tf Raleigh, N. C

JUST RECEIVED.

A NEW LOT OF

FINE DRESS SHIRTS,

All sizes. A perfect fit guaranteed in every instance.

All persons in want of such a thing should call and supply themselves at once.

At

R. B. ANDREWS & CO'S.,
GENT'S OUTFITTING ESTABLISHMENT,
Opposite Tucker Hall.
June 4-tf Raleigh, N. C.

MISCELLANEOUS.

P. F. PESCUD,

GENERAL INSURANCE AGENT,

HAS REMOVED his office to his former Drug Store, where he will receive applications and issue Policies of Insurance against loss by Fire, at the lowest remunerative rates, in the following first-class Companies, viz:

Phœnix, of Hartford,
Atlantic, of Brooklyn,
Security, of New York,
Putnam, of Hartford,
Home, of New Haven,
Valley of Virginia, Winchester,
Jefferson, of Virginia, and
The Underwriter's, Selma, Ala.

Their combined Capital and Assets exceeding **$5,500,000.**

LOSSES PROMPTLY ADJUSTED AND PAID.
P. F. PESCUD,
Dec. 14—110-tf Ins. Agent.

GUILFORD LAND AGENCY OF NORTH CAROLINA.

LANDHOLDERS WHO WISH TO SELL

Agricultural or Mineral Lands, Water Powers, Mills, Town Lots, or Real Estate

of any kind, will find it to their advantage to place their property in our hands for sale.

We have great facilities for procuring purchasers for all such property.

For information, address

JNO. B. GRETTER,
General Agent,
Greensboro', N. C.

Or PHIL THIEM, Agent, Raleigh, N. C.
Oct. 31—72-tf

1868. 1868.

NEW ARRANGEMENT

FOR THE

SENTINEL.

Published in the City of Raleigh, N. C.,

Daily, Semi Weekly and Weekly.

William E. Pell, } Editors
Seaton Gales, }

In view of the scarcity of money, and the severity of the times, the Proprietor of the SENTINEL has determined to reduce the terms of the paper, to commence after the 31st. DECEMBER, next, and to make such improvements in its general character as will commend it to the patronage of an enlightened public.

In POLITICS it will be thoroughly Conservative, advocating, at all times:

A strict observance of the Constitution of the United States, and the harmonious Union of equal States;

Obedience to law and the enforcement of order;

The supremacy of the civil over the military, in time of peace;

The equality of the three co-ordinate branches of the government;

The sovereignty of the States over their own internal affairs, in strict conformity to the Constitution;

The maintenance of freedom and justice to all, without distinction of color, but the supremacy of the white race as the governing class;

Opposition to Radicalism in all its phases.

As a NEWS journal, it shall be equal to any.—The principal markets will be regularly published.

Its LITERARY character shall be maintained and improved, by contributions from our best writers.

Finally, the SENTINEL will seek to be the special promoter of the educational, moral and economical interests of the people of North Carolina.

Terms:

Daily Sentinel, for one year,		$8 00
" "	six months,	4 00
" "	three months,	2 00
Semi Weekly Sentinel, for one year,		4 00
" "	six months,	2 00
" "	three months,	1 00
Weekly	for one year,	2 00
" "	six months,	1 00

All subscriptions strictly cash in advance.

As an advertising medium, the SENTINEL is equal to any in the State. Terms moderate.

☞ We ask every Conservative in the State to become our Agent to extend the circulation of the SENTINEL. The events of 1868 will be exciting and important. The WEEKLY SENTINEL should be in the hands of the great body of the people—The terms are now so low that every one will be able to pay for it

W. E. PELL,
Raleigh, Jan. 1st., 1868. Proprietor

MISCELLANEOUS

1868, 1868.

SPRING TRADE.

TIN WARE AT WHOLESALE.

A LARGE LOT OF TIN WARE ON HAND and constantly making, which will be sold at NEW YORK PRICES!

Material good and workmanship unsurpassed.

The undersigned is conducting a NORTH CAROLINA ENTERPRISE, and asks the co-operation of Southern Merchants. He is, by availing himself of the best and most improved machinery, prepared to fill all orders for TIN WARE, and can make the supply equal to the demand.

Send me your orders. Satisfaction guaranteed.

I will take any kind of good produce in exchange for Tin Ware and particularly want, at best prices, **Rags, Beeswax, Old Copper and Brass** and will pay cash for same, when preferred.

Send for a Price List and compare with your Northern Bills—I WILL TRADE FAIR.

I will keep constantly on hand a good assortment of **Cooking Stoves**, Buck's Patent and others of best make, and will sell right.

E. H. POOLE,
Feb 3-150-tf Hillsboro, N. C.

Guisors' Separator and Horse Power.

Just received at N. C. Depot, one more of those celebrated Machines, which will be sold, at Manufacturer's prices, either with or without the Power—freight only added. Call at once and secure it.

—ALSO—

In store Harman's **Steel Tooth Wheel Horse Rake** for 1868, and the Dixie Wheat Fan.

July 2-tf. JAMES M. TOWLES, Agent.

BOARD.

BY THE DAY, WEEK OR MONTH,

At Reasonable Rates.

MY TABLE WILL BE SUPPLIED WITH the best the Market affords. No pains will be spared to render comfortable all who may favor me with a call.

TWO DOLLARS PER DAY

will be charged transient persons. A deduction for longer time.

Members of the approaching Legislature will do well to call, before engaging board elsewhere.

June 25-tf GEO. T. COOKE.

THE STAMP ACT.

One of the Tax Laws of the U. S.

Acknowledgment of Deeds, exempt.

Affidavit, 5 cents; in suit or legal proceedings, exempt.

Agreement or Appraisement, for each sheet or piece of paper on which the same is written, 5 cents

Assignment or Transfers, of Mortgage, lease or policy of insurance, the same duty as on the original instrument of patent right 5 cents.

Bank Checks, Drafts or Orders, &c., at sight or on demand, 2 cents.

Bills of Exchange, Inland drafts or orders payable otherwise than at sight or on demand, and any promissory note whatever, payable on demand or at a time designated [except bank notes issued for circulation, and checks made and intended to be, and which shall be, forthwith presented for payment] for a sum not exceeding $100, 5 cents.

For every additional $100 or fractional part thereof, 5 cents.

Bills of Lading vessels for the ports of the United States or British North America, exempt.

On receipt of goods on any foreign ports, 10 cts.

Bills of Sale of any vessel, or part thereof, when the consideration does not exceed $500, 50 cents.

Exceeding $500 and not exceeding $1,000, $1.

Exceeding one thousand dollars for each five hundred dollars or fractional part thereof, 50 cents

Of personal property, other than ship or vessel, Bond personal, for payment of money (see mortgage)—Official, $1.

For indemnifying any person for the payment of any sum of money, where the money ultimately recoverable thereupon is one thousand dollars or less, 50 cents.

Where the money recoverable exceeds one thousand dollars, for every additional one thousand dollars or fractional part thereof, 50 cents.

Bonds, county, city and town bonds, railroads and other corporation bonds and scrip, are subject to stamp duty. (See mortgage.) Of any description, other than such as are required in legal proceedings and such as are not otherwise charged in this schedule, 25 cents.

Certificates of deposit in bank, sum not exceeding one hundred dollars, 2 cents.

Of deposit in bank, sum exceeding one hundred dollars, 5 cents.

Of stock in an incorporated company, 25 cents.

General, 5 cents

Of a qualification of a Justice of the Peace, Commissioner of deeds or Notary public, 5 cents.

Of search of records, 5 cents.

That certain papers are on file, 5 cents.

That certain paper cannot be found 5 cents.

Of redemption of land sold for taxes 5 cents.

Of birth, marriage and death, 5 cents.

Of qualifications of school teachers, 5 cents

Of profits of an incorporated company, for a sum not less than ten dollars and not exceeding fifty dollars, 10 cents.

Exceeding fifty dollars and not exceeding one thousand dollars, 25 cents.

Exceeding one thousand dollars, for every additional one thousand, or fractional part thereof, 25 cents.

Of damage or otherwise, and all other certificates or documents issued by any port warden, marine surveyor, or other person acting as such, 25 cents.

Certified Transcript of Judgments, satisfaction of judgments and of all papers recorded or on file, 5 cents.

Check, draft or order for the payment of any sum of money exceeding $10, drawn upon any person or other than a bank, banker or trust company, at sight or on demand, 2 cents.

Contract (See Agreement Brokers,) 10 cents.

Conveyance deed, instrument of writing, whereby lands, tenements, or other reality sold shall be conveyed, the actual value of which does not exceed $300, 50 cents.

Exceeding $300 and not exceeding $1,000, $1.

For every additional five hundred dollars, or fractional part thereof, in excess of one thousand dollars, 50 cents.

Entry of any goods, wares or merchandise at any custom house, not exceeding one hundred dollars in value, 25 cents.

Exceeding one hundred dollars and not exceeding five hundred dollars in value, 50 cents.

Exceeding five hundred dollars in value, $1,00.

For the withdrawal of any goods or merchandise from bonded warehouse, 50 cents.

Ganger's return if for quantity not exceeding five hundred gallons gross, 10 cents

Exceeding 500 gallons, 25 cents.

Power of Attorney to sell or transfer stock, or collect dividends thereon, 25 cents.

To vote at an election of an incorporated company, 10 cents.

To receive or collect rents, 25 cents.

To sell, or convey, or rent, or lease real estate, $1.00

For any other purpose, 50 cents

Probate of will or letters of administration, where the value of both real and personal estate does not exceed $2,0 0, $1,60.

For every additional $2,000, or fractional part thereof, in excess of $2,000, 50 cents.

Bonds of executors, administrators, guardians and trustees, are each subjected to a stamp duty of $1,00.

Protest upon bill, note, check or draft, 25 cts.

Promissory, (See bills of Exchange, inland.)

Renewal of, subject to same duty as original note

Receipt for the payment of any sum of money, or debt due exceeding twenty dollars, or for the delivery of any property, 2 cents.

Trust Deed made to secure a debt to be stamped as a mortgage conveying estate to uses, to be stamped as conveyances.

Warehouse Receipt for any goods, wares or merchandise, not otherwise provided for, deposited or stored in any public or private warehouse not exceeding five hundred dollars in value, 10 cts

Exceeding five hundred and not exceeding one thousand dollars 20 cents.

Exceeding $1,000, for every $1,000 or fractional part thereof, in excess of $1,000, 10 cents.

For any goods, etc., not otherwise provided for, stored or deposited in any public or private warehouse or yard, 25 cents.

Writs or Legal Documents, writs or other legal process by which any suit is commenced in any court of record, either of law or equity, 50 cents

Writ or original process issued by a court not of record, where the amount claimed is $100 or over, 50.

Upon every confession of judgment or cognovit for $100 or over, except in cases where the tax for a writ has been paid, 50 cents.

Writ or other process, appeals from justices courts, or other courts of inferior jurisdiction, to a court of record, 50 cents.

Warrants of distress, when the amount of rent claimed does not exceed $100 25 cents.

When the amount exceeds $100, 50 cents.

Insurance, Marine, Inland and Fire. Where the consideration paid for the insurance, in cash premium notes, or both, does not exceed $10, 10 cents.

Exceeding ten dollars, and not exceeding fifty, 50 cents.

Insurance, Life when the amount insured does not exceed one thousand dollars, 25 cents.

Exceeding $1,000 and not exceeding $5,000, 50 cts.

Exceeding $5,000, $1,00.

Lease of lands or tenements where the rents do not exceed $300 per annum, 50 cents.

Exceeding $300, for each additional $200, or fractional part thereof, in excess of $300, 50 cents.

Perpetual, subject to stamp duty as a "conveyance."

Clause of guaranty of payment of rent incorporated or endorsed, five cents additional.

Measurers' Return, if for quantity not exceeding one thousand bushels, 10 cents.

Exceeding 1,000 bushels, 25 cents.

Mortgage, trust deed, bill of sales, or personal bond for the payment of money exceeding $100 and not exceeding $500, 50 cents

Exceeding $500, for every additional $500, or fractional part thereof, in excess of $500, 50 cents.

Pawner's Checks 5 cents.

Passage Ticket from the United States to any foreign port, costing not more than $35, 50 cents.

Costing more than $35, and not exceeding $50 $1.00

For every additional $50, or fractional part thereof, in excess of $50, $1.00.

GENERAL REMARKS.

Revenue stamps may be used indiscriminately upon any of the matters or things enumerated in Schedule B., except proprietary and playing card stamps, for which a special use has been provided.

Postage stamps cannot be used in payment of the duty chargeable on instruments.

It is the duty of the maker of an instrument to affix and cancel the stamp thereon. If he neglects to do so, the party for whom it is made may stamp it before it is used; and if used after the 30th of July, 1864, and used without a stamp, it cannot afterwards be effectually stamped. Any failure upon the part of the maker of an instrument, to appropriately stamp it, renders him liable to a penalty of two hundred dollars.

Suits are commenced in many States by other process than writ, viz: summons, warrants, publication, &c., in which case these, as the original process, severally require stamps.

Writs of scire facias are subject to stamp duty as original process.

The jurat of an affidavit, taken before a Justice of the Peace, Notary Public, or other officer duly authorized to take affidavits, is held to be a certificate, and is subject to a stamp duty of five cents, except when taken in suits or legal proceedings.

Certificates of loan in which there shall appear any printed or written evidence of an amount of money to be paid on demand or at any time designated, are subject to stamp duty as Promissory Notes.

The assignment of a mortgage is subject to the same duty as that imposed upon the original instrument; that is to say, for every sum of five hundred dollars, or any fractional part thereof, of the amount secured by the mortgage, at time of its assignment, there must be affixed a stamp or stamps, denoting a duty of five cents.

When two or more persons join in the execution of an instrument, the stamps to which this instrument is liable, under the law, may be affixed and cancelled by one of the parties.

In conveyance of real estate, the law provides that the stamp affixed must answer to the value of the estate or interest conveyed.

No stamp is required on warrant of attorney accompanying a bond or note, when such bond or note has affixed thereto the stamp or stamps denoting the duty required, and whenever any bond or note is secured by mortgage, but one stamp duty is required on such papers, such stamp duty being the highest rates required for such instruments, or either of them. In such case a note or memorandum of the value or denomination of the stamp affixed should be made upon the margin or in the acknowledgment of the instrument which is not stamped.

THE FORTIETH CONGRESS.

The following is a full list of the members of both Houses of the Fortieth Congress, the Republican members being marked "r," and the opposition "d."

SENATE.

Benjamin F. Wade, r, of Ohio, President.
John W. Forney, r, of Penn., Secretary.

MAINE.	Term Expires.
Lot M Morrill, r	'69
Wm P Fessenden, r	'71
NEW HAMPSHIRE.	
Aaron H Cragin, r	'71
Jas W Patterson, r	'73
VERMONT.	
Geo F Edmunds, r	'69
Justus S Morrill, r	'73
MASSACHUSETTS.	
Charles Sumner, r	'69
Henry Wilson, r	'73
RHODE ISLAND.	
William Sprague, r	'69
Henry B Anthony, r	'71
CONNECTICUT.	
James Dixon, d	'69
Orris S Ferry, r	'73
NEW YORK.	
Edwin D Morgan, r	'69
Roscoe Conkling, r	'73
NEW JERSEY.	
F T Frelinghuysen, r	'69
Alex G Gattell, r	'73
PENNSYLVANIA.	
C R Buckalew, d	'69
Simon Cameron, r	'73
DELAWARE.	
Geo R Riddle, d	'69
Wm Saulsbury, d	'71
MARYLAND.	
Reverdy Johnson, d	'69
—— Hamilton, d	——
WEST VIRGINIA.	
P G Van Winkle, r	'69
Waitman T Willey,	'71
KENTUCKY.	
—— Mc Creery, d	——
Garrett Davis, d	'73
TENNESSEE.	
D T Patterson, d	'69
Joseph S Fowler, r	'71
OHIO.	
Benjamin F Wade, r	'69
John Sherman, r	'73

INDIANA.	Term Expires.
T A Hendricks, d	'69
Oliver Morton, r	'73
ILLINOIS	
Richard Yates, r	'71
Lyman Trumbull, r	'73
MICHIGAN.	
Zach Chandler, r	'69
Jacob M Howard, r	'71
WISCONSIN.	
I R Doolittle, d	'69
Timothy O Howe, r	'73
MINNESOTA.	
Alex Ramsey r	'69
Daniel S Norton, d	'71
IOWA.	
James W Grimes, r	'71
James Harlan, r	'73
MISSOURI.	
John B Henderson, r	'69
Charles D Drake, r	'73
KANSAS	
Edmund G Ross, r	'71
Samuel C Pomeroy, r	'73
NEBRASKA.	
Thos W Tipton, r	'69
John M Thayer, r	'71
NEVADA.	
Wm M Stewart, r	'69
James W Nye, r	'71
CALIFORNIA.	
John Conness, r	'69
Cornelius Cole, r	'71
OREGON.	
Jno H Williams, r	'71
Henry Corbett, r	'73
—— COLORADO.	
John Evans, r	——
Jerome B Chaffe, r	——

*Not admitted.

RECAPITULATION.

Republicans 44. Democrats and Conservatives, 10.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Schuyler Colfax, r, of Indiana, Speaker
Edward McPherson, r, of Pennsylvania, Clerk

MAINE.	
John Lynch, r	
Sidney Perham, r	
James G Blaine, r	
John A Peters, r	
Frederick A Pike, r	
NEW HAMPSHIRE.	
Jacob H Ela, r	
Aaron F Stevens, r	
Jacob Benton, r	
VERMONT.	
P E Woodridge, r	
Luke P Poland, r	
W C Smith, r	
MASSACHUSETTS.	
Thomas D Eliott, r	
Oakes Ames, r	
Ginery Twichell, r	
Samuel Hooper, r	
Benjamin F Butler, r	
Nathaniel P Banks, r	
George S Boutwell, r	
John D Baldwin, r	
Wm B Washburn, r	
Henry L Dawes, r	
RHODE ISLAND.	
Thomas Jenckes, r	
Nathan F Dixon, r	
CONNECTICUT.	
Richard D Hubbard, d	
Julius Hotchkiss, d	
H H Starkweather, r	
William H Barnum, d	
NEW YORK.	
Stephen Tabor, d	
Demas Barnes, d	
Wm E Robinson, d	
John Fox, d	
John Morrisey, d	
Thomas E Stewart, d	
John W Chandler, d	
Jas Brooks, d	
Fernando Wood, d	
Wm H Robertson, r	
Thomas H Van Wyck, r	
John H Ketchum, r	
Thomas Cornell, r	
John V L Pruyn, d	
John A Griswold, r	
Orange Ferris, r	
Calvin T Hulburd, r	
James M Mervin, r	
Wm C Fields, r	
Addison H Laflin, r	
Alex H Bailey, r	
John C Churchill, r	
Denis McCarthy, r	
Theo M Pomeroy, r	
Wm H Kelsey, r	
Wm S Lincoln, r	
Hamilton Ward, r	
Lewis Selye, r	
Burt Van Horn, r	
James M Murphy, d	
Henry Van Aernam, r	
NEW JERSEY.	
Wm Moore, r	
Chas Haighi, d	
Chas Sitgreaves, d	
John Hill, r	
Geo A Halsey, r	
PENNSYLVANIA.	
Samuel J Randall, d	
Chas O'Neill, r	
Leonard Myers, r	
Wm D Kelley, r	
Caleb N Taylor r	
Ben M Boyer, d	
Jno M Bromell, r	
Jno L Getz, d	
Thaddeus Stevens, r	
Henry L Cake, r	
David M Van Auken, d	
Geo W Woodward, d	
Ulysses Mercer, r	
George F Miller, r	
A J Grossbrenner, d	
Wm H Koontz, r	
Daniel J Morrell, r	
Samuel F Wilson, r	
Glenni W Scofield, r	
Darwin A Finney, r	
John Covode, r	
Jas K Morehead r	
Thomas Williams, r	
Geo V Lawrence, r	
DELAWARE.	
John A Nicholson, d	
MARYLAND.	
Hiram McCullock, d	
Stevenson Archer, d	
Chas E Phelps, d	
Francis Thomas, r	
Frederick Stone, r	
WEST VIRGINIA.	
Chester D Hubbard, r	
Bethuel M Kitchen, r	
Daniel Polsley, r	
KENTUCKY.	
L S Trimble, d	
John Y Brown, d	
John S Golladay, d	
J Proctor Knott, d	
Asa P Grover, d	
Thomas L Jones, d	
James B Beck, d	
George M Adams, d	
John D Young, d	
KANSAS.	
Sidney Clarke, r	
TENNESSEE.	
Roderick R Butler, r	

Horace Maynard, r	
William B Stokes, r	
James Mullins, r	
John Trimble, r	
Samuel M Arnell, r	
Isaac R Hawkins, r	
David A Nunn, r	
OHIO.	
Benjamin Eggleston, r	
Samuel F Carey r	
Robt C Schenck, r	
Wm Lawrence, r	
Wm Mungen, d	
Reader W Clarke, r	
Samuel Shellabarger, r	
C S Hamilton, r	
Ralph P Buckland, r	
James M Ashley, r	
John T Wilson, r	
Pallad Van Trump, d	
George W Morgan, d	
Martin Walker, r	
Tobias A Plants, r	
John A Bingham, r	
Ephraim R Eckley, r	
Rufus P Spaulding, r	
James A Garfield, r	
INDIANA.	
Wm E Niblack, d	
Michael C Kerr, d	
Morton C Hunter, r	
Wm S Holman, d	
George W Julian, r	
John Coburn, r	
H D Washburn, r	
Goodlove S Orth, r	
Schuyler Colfax, r	
John P C Shanks, r	
ILLINOIS	
At large—J A Logan, r	
Norman B Judd, r	
John F Farnsworth, r	
Elihu B Washburne, r	
Abner C Harding, r	
Eben C Ingersoll, r	
Burton C Cook, r	
H P Bromwell, r	
Shelby M Cullom r	
Lewis W Ross, d	
Albert G Burr, d	
Samuel S Marshall, d	
John Baker, r	
Green B Raum, r	
MICHIGAN.	
Fer C Beaman, r	
Chas Upson, r	
Austin Blair, r	
Thos W Ferry, r	
B E Trowbridge, r	
Ino F Driggs, r	
WISCONSIN.	
Halbert E Paine, r	
Ben F Hopkins, r	
Amasa Cobb, r	
Chas A Eldridge, d	
Philetos Sawyer, r	
C